

# *The Warburtons of Arley Hall*

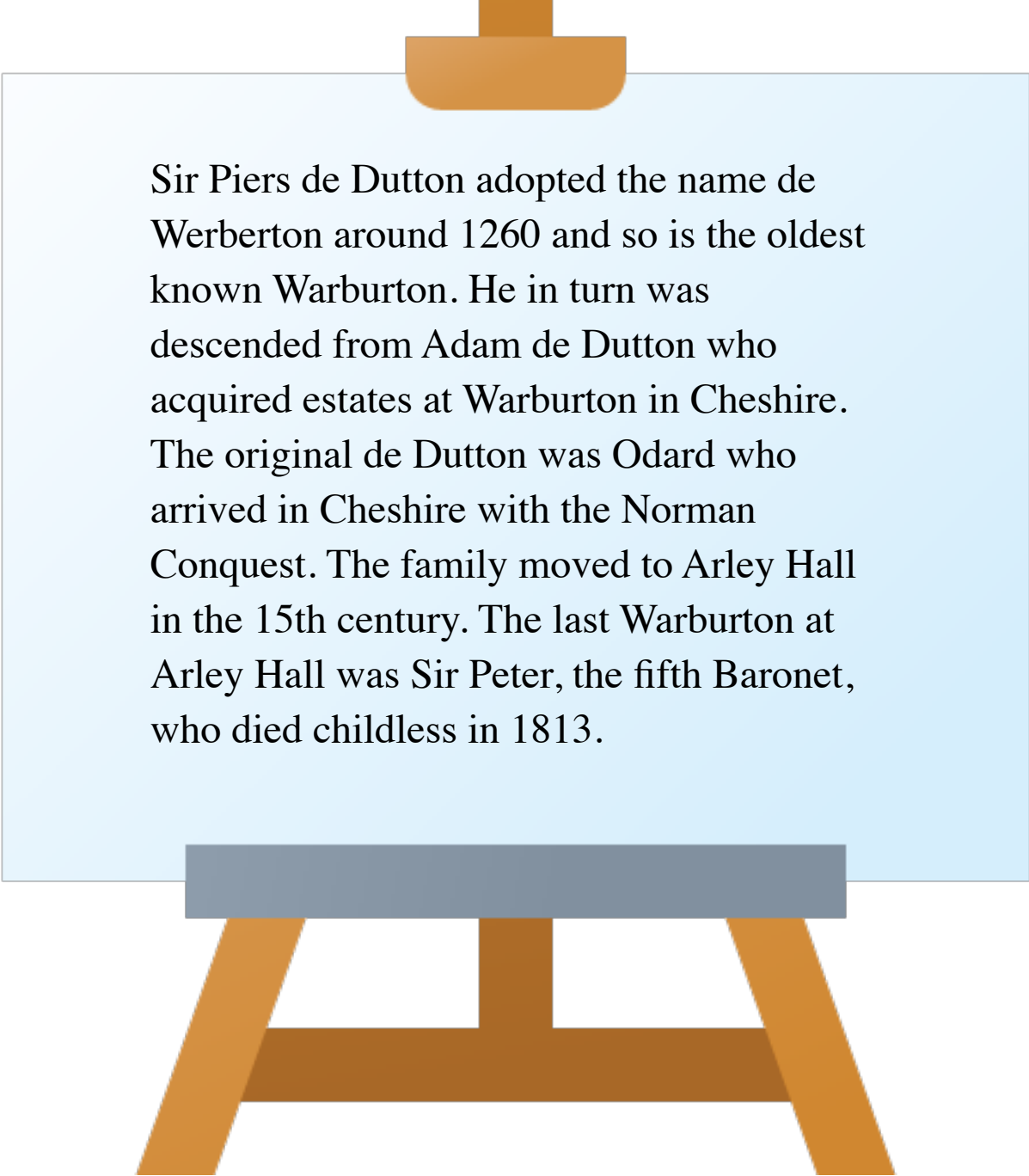
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*Ray Warburton*

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# PREFACE



Sir Piers de Dutton adopted the name de Werberton around 1260 and so is the oldest known Warburton. He in turn was descended from Adam de Dutton who acquired estates at Warburton in Cheshire. The original de Dutton was Odard who arrived in Cheshire with the Norman Conquest. The family moved to Arley Hall in the 15th century. The last Warburton at Arley Hall was Sir Peter, the fifth Baronet, who died childless in 1813.

**A** Alington, Aston, Awfield

**B** Barlow, Bishop, Booth, Boteler, Braylesford, Brereton, Brooke, Bruyn, Bulkeley, Butler

**C** Cadman, Campbell, Carrington, Coupe, Croxton, Cundy

**D** Daniel, [Danyers], Davenport, Dockwra, Domville, Dutton

**E** Edwards, Egerton, Eland, Eles, Eyre

**F** Fitton, Fitz-Alured, Fulks

**G** Gardener, Gee, Golborne, Grantham, Grosvenor

**H** Harmer, Harrington, Heffield, Hellesby, Henry, Henry Warburton, Holcroft, Holman, Houghton, Hudson, Hunt, Hurst

**L** Lacy, Legh, Lymm

**M** Mainwaring, Marbury, Markam, Markham, Massey, Masterson, Middleton, Mordaunt, Moulton

**N** Needham, Norris

**P** Parker, Pennant

**R** Rigby, Rixon

**S** Savage, Slaughter, Smith, Somers, Spragg, Stanley, Starkey, Starkie, Stourton

**T** Trentham, Tucker, Turvyle

**V** Vavasour, Venables

**W** Warburton, Wevere, Wilbraham, Williams, Winnington

## First Generation

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1. **Adam de Dutton**. Adam was born abt 1150. Adam died in 1208.

The most comprehensive version of the family tree of the Warburtons of Arley, and the Warburtons of Hefferston Grange, was published in 1819 by George Ormerod in his **The History of the County Palatine and City of Chester**. Much of this tree was repeated in **Warburton: The Village and the Family** by Norman Warburton, published in 1970. I also have a tree provided by the late Virginia Warburton, whose husband is descended from the Garryhinch Warburtons. Additional material is from the **Arley Hall Guide Book, Seven Households** by Charles Foster, and a website '[martinrealm.org](http://martinrealm.org)' whose main source is **Burke's Landed Gentry**.

There are numerous entries relating to members of the family on IGI. Apart from a few actual records of baptisms this information, particularly in terms of dates, is dubious. However, some details, with the above caveats, have been added from IGI when they add to the information already known.

It is my policy to render dates prior to 1754 that fall between the modern New Year and the old New Year (21st March) by their modern equivalent. Thus 1st Feb 1666/7 is rendered as 1st Feb 1667.

Adam was the second son of Hugh de Dutton, and great grandson of Odard who came to England, along with his four brothers with the Norman Conquest. These brothers were said to be the sons of the Viscomte de Cotentin. There is no contemporary proof of this but they are likely to have come from such a family given the position they held in the retinue of Hugh d'Avranches, and the favours they were granted.

According to the Domesday Book the land at Warbuton consisted of two moieties. One, originally held by Ernui, was then held by William Fitz-Nigell, Baron of Halton. The other, formally held by Ravene, was then held by Osbern son of Tezzon. Adam acquired both moieties in the time of Rchard I.

Adam's dates are from the Arley Hall Guide Book. He was made Seneschal of Blackburnshire in 1178, and was the Lord of Dutton and Warburton in the time of Henry II, Richard I, and John. In 1190 he granted land at Warburton for a priory for the White Canons of St Norbert. In the same year he witnessed a charter establishing the first ferry over the river Mersey at Runcorn.

Abt 1170 when Adam was 20, he married **Agnes Fitz-Alured**.

Agnes was the daughter and co-heir of Roger Fitz-Alured in the time of Henry II.

They had the following children:

- 2
  - i. **Sir Geoffrey de Dutton** (>1170~1248)
  - ii. **John de Dutton**. John died in 1190.  
  
John is buried at Warburton.
  - iii. **Agatha de Dutton**.

## Second Generation

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2. **Sir Geoffrey de Dutton** (*Adam*<sup>1</sup>). Geoffrey was born aft 1170. Geoffrey died abt 1248.

Geoffrey took part in the Crusades accompanying John, 8th Baron Halton, and under the command of Richard of Cornwall. He is said to have severed the head of a Saracen leader, probably at the siege of Damietta in Egypt in 1218 (Arley Hall Guide Book), and adopted the gory emblem for his crest. According to Norman Warburton he was also active in the rescue of Jerusalem in 1244 but the two dates seem rather far apart.

He was also referred to as 'of Buddeworth' (as was his son).

Geoffrey married **Alice de Lacy**.

Norman Warburton has a query against the identity of Alice as Geoffrey's wife. She was the daughter of John Lacy, Constable of Chester and Baron of Halton.

They had one child:

- 3 i. **Sir Geoffrey de Dutton** (~1200->1275)

### Third Generation

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3. **Sir Geoffrey de Dutton** (*Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Geoffrey was born abt 1200. Geoffrey died aft 1275.

Geoffrey succeeded to the estate about 1248 and was living in 1275. He settled in Warburton. He was referred to as Lord de Werberton in several documents.

Geoffrey first married **Unknown**.

They had the following children:

- 4 i. **Sir Peter de Warburton** (~1229-<1315)
- ii. **Thomas de Dutton**.

Thomas Dutton of was granted lands at Thelwall in 1258.

- iii. **Margaret de Dutton**. Margaret was born in Warburton, Cheshire.

Margaret married first Robert de Denbigh, and afterwards Sir Nicholas Leycester of Tabley.

Geoffrey second married **Isabella**.



## Fourth Generation

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**4. Sir Peter de Warburton** (*Geoffrey de Dutton*<sup>3</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>2</sup>, *Adam*<sup>1</sup>). Peter was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1229. Peter died in Warburton, Cheshire, bef 1315.

Ormerod's tree and text, and Norman Warburton's tree show Peter as Geoffrey's son, but Norman's text refers to Geoffrey being succeeded by his grandson Peter.

Peter was originally known as Peter de Dutton but after he built a new manor house in Werberton (Warburton) and formed a Great Park beside it, it became the principal seat of the family and he became known as Peter de Werberton. As surnames evolved this became the family name. The name has been rendered as Warburton for consistency but this spelling did not come into use until the late 16th century.

Peter was living in 1261 and in 1 & 4 Edward II (circa 1307 and 1310).

The birth dates for Peter and the next three generations given on IGI and are inconsistent, and improbably early, given that the dates of death can be more precisely estimated from various records. The date used for Peter's birth is the latest of the IGI dates. However it doesn't fit with IGI's birth dates for his children, so these are omitted.

Norman Warburton also refers to a son of Sir Peter's called William who acquired 4/18ths of the manor of Partington in 1319/20 and became founder of the line of Partington Warburtons. Peter also settled a small property at Bollington on William, and the document names his mother as Hawise de Heffield (possibly a second wife). Other parts of the Partington estate were settled on William's sisters Cecelia and Alice.

Children:

- 5        i. **Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (~1343)
- 6        ii. **Peter de Warburton**
- 7        iii. **Hugh de Warburton** (->1307)
- iv. **Adam de Warburton**. Adam was born in 1309.

Adam is not mentioned by Ormerod but introduced by Norman Warburton with a dotted line to Peter, suggesting it is uncertain he was Peter's son. The date is far later than his supposed siblings, though within Peter's life.

Peter second married **Hawise de Heffield**.

They had the following children:

i. **William de Warburton.**

William acquired 4/18s of the manor of Partington in 1319-20. His descendants were still on the land in the late 17th century.

ii. **Cecelia de Warburton.**

iii. **Alice de Warburton.**

## Fifth Generation

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**5. Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (*Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Geoffrey was born in Warburton, Cheshire. Geoffrey died abt 1343.

Geoffrey was living in 4 Edward II (circa 1310), knighted circa 2 Edward III (circa 1328), Sheriff of Lancashire from 1324-5, and died in or soon after 1343. His date of birth on IGI is circa 1239 which seems improbable given his date of death.

Abt 1269 Geoffrey married **Margaret le Boteler**.

Margaret was the daughter of Sir Henry le Boteler and Isabel le Boteler (who were cousins) of Warrington. She was living in 1314. Margaret's identity is from [martinrealm.org](http://martinrealm.org).

They had the following children:

- 8 i. **Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (~1368)
- ii. **Sir Robert de Warburton**. Robert was born abt 1272. Robert died aft 1327.

Robert was living in 1327.

**6. Peter de Warburton** (*Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

Peter was given lands in Aston and Budworth.

Peter married **Agnes**.

They had the following children:

- i. **Peter de Warburton**. Peter died bef 1355.

Peter was heir to the lands in Aston and Budworth. His wife was a widow in 1355.

Peter married **Ellen**. Ellen died aft 1355.

- ii. **Robert de Warburton**.

Ormerod states "by deed s.d. supposed s.p". Does "by deed" mean his son by deed, and so illegitimate? S.d. = sine die = indefinitely. S.p. = without issue.

**7. Hugh de Warburton** (*Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Hugh died aft 1307.

Hugh was granted lands in Nether Walton. The last reference to him is in 1307.

Child:

- i. **Geoffrey de Warburton**.

Geoffrey had issue.

## Sixth Generation

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**8. Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Geoffrey was born in Warburton, Cheshire. Geoffrey died abt 1368.

Geoffrey succeeded to the estates circa 1343. He was Seneschal of Trafford and Stony Dunham in 33 Edward III (circa 1359) and died soon after 41 Edward III (circa 1368). His date of birth is given as circa 1270 on IGI but this seems too early given his date of death. The birth dates of his children also seem like guesses.

Geoffrey married **Alice**.

The name of Alice for Geoffrey's wife is by email from Kenneth Kinman.

They had the following children:

- 9**
- i. **Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (~1298~1383)
  - ii. **Peter de Warburton**. Peter was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1300. Peter died aft 1348.

Peter was living in 1348. His birth date is from IGI.

- iii. **Margaret de Warburton**. Margaret was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1302. Margaret died aft 1338.

Margaret was living in 1338. Her birth date is from IGI.

Margaret married **Peter de Lymm**.

- 10**
- iv. **Richard de Warburton** (~1304-)
  - v. **Amelia de Warburton**. Amelia was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1315.

Amelia is not mentioned by Ormerod, or by Norman Warburton but is mentioned in a number of IGI entries with birth dates from 1310 to 1320.

Amelia married **Urian de Egerton**. Urian was born in Egerton, Nantwich, Cheshire, in 1312.

Urian de Egerton was the son of Philip Malpas de Egerton, Sheriff of Chester, and Margaret de Wrenbury (IGI).

## Seventh Generation

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**9. Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Geoffrey was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1298. Geoffrey died abt 1383.

Geoffrey' was living in 1381 but died in 1382 or 1383. His birth date on IGI is circa 1298 which seems too early for his date of death. The IGI dates for the births of his children also appear to be guesses. They do however establish a sequence for the children.

Abt 1328 when Geoffrey was 30, he first married **Alice [Danyers]**. Marriage date is from IGI. Alice was born abt 1302. Alice died bef 1374.

Alice is called Ellen by Norman Warburton. She died before 47 Edward III (cir 1374). She is identified as Alice (or Nichola) Danyers on [martinrealm.org](http://martinrealm.org), though this might be a confusion with his daughter-in-law Nichola Danyers.

They had the following children:

- 11 i. **Geoffrey de Warburton** (~1329-<1373)
- ii. **Thomas de Warburton**. Thomas was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1331.

Thomas died before his father, without issue.

- 12 iii. **John de Warburton** (~1333-<1391)
- iv. **William de Warburton**. William was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1335.

William is not mentioned by Norman Warburton but appears on IGI. This William is the supposed ancestor of the Grafton Warburtons (The tree of Virginia Warburton - see Garryhinch clan sources).

- v. **Catherine de Warburton**. Catherine was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1337.
- vi. **Johanna de Warburton**. Johanna was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1339.
- vii. **Richard de Warburton**. He was christened in Warburton, St Werburgh, Cheshire, abt 1341.

Richard is not mentioned (by Ormerod, or by Norman Warburton but appears on IGI.

Geoffrey second married **Alina de Eland**.

Alina of Carlina Hawe was a widow in 6 and 9 Ric. II (1382-3 and 1385-6). She was previously widowed and had a son Thomas de Eland of Carlina Haw before becoming Geoffrey's second wife.

**10. Richard de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Richard was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1304.

Richard is not mentioned in Ormerod, and does not appear on IGI and is only suggested as a possible son by Norman Warburton. He is however "son of Geoffrey".

Child:

- 13**      i. **Adam de Warburton** (~1340->1386)

## Eighth Generation

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**11. Geoffrey de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Geoffrey was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1329. Geoffrey died bef 1373.

Geoffrey had no issue and died before his father. He possibly served under the Black Prince in 39 Edward III (cir 1364).

Abt 1358 when Geoffrey was 29, he married **Nichola Danyers**. Marriage date is 33 Edward III in Ormerod.

Nichola was the daughter and heir of Sir John Danyers.

They had one child:

- i. **Margaret de Warburton**.

Margaret married **Alan de Rixon**.

**12. John de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). John was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1333. John died bef 1391.

John's date of birth is from IGI. He succeeded to the estates before 1383 and died before 1391 according to Ormerod, or in 1384-5 according to Norman Warburton.

Abt 1371 when John was 38, he married **Agnes De Wevere**. The marriage contract was dated 46 Edward III (1372-3) but Norman Warburton suggests the marriage may have been in 1371. Agnes De was born abt 1337.

Agnes was the daughter of Richard de Wevere.

They had the following children:

- 14**
  - i. **Peter de Warburton** (~1372-<1415)
  - ii. **Richard de Warburton**. Richard was born in Warburton, Cheshire, aft 1372. Richard died aft 1425.

Richard is not mentioned in Ormerod, but is linked by a dotted line in Norman Warburton. He was Sheriff of Cheshire in 3 Hen. VI (cir 1424).

**13. Adam de Warburton** (*Richard<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Adam was born abt 1340. Adam died aft 1386.

Adam of Halton was alive in 41 Edward III (1367), and held lands in Elton in 10 Ric. II (1386).

Bef 1367 when Adam was 27, he married **Isabell de Venables**. Isabell was born abt 1340. Isabell

died aft 1386.

Isabell was the widow of Hugh Venables of Wymbaldestroghford and is attested on the same dates as her husband.

They had the following children:

i. **Thomas de Warburton.**

Thomas of Halton is a probable son of Adam. He was alive in 1402 and a juror in 6 Henry V (circa 1418).

ii. **Robert de Warburton.**

Robert is the cousin of Richard de Warburton who was Sheriff of Cheshire in 3 Henry VI (1424).

Robert married **Matilda de Hellesby.**

Matilda was the widow of Richard de Hellesby of Hellesby and Happesford.



## Ninth Generation

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**14. Peter de Warburton** (*John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Peter was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1372. Peter died bef 1415.

Peter was under age in 1391, and aged 21 in 1393. He fought at the Battle of Shrewsbury 21 July 1403 against Henry IV, but was later pardoned.

Peter was contracted to marry Douce Massey when she was under 5 years old. However the contract was dissolved in 1402 so he could marry Alice Braylesford. Alice was a widow by the second year of Henry V (1415). The Inquisition of his death was held in 8 Henry V (circa 1421).

IGI has birth dates for his children in the 1390's but these are too early for the date of his Marriage Dispensation.

Peter first married **Douce Massey**. This may have been a contract to marry rather than a marriage as Norman Warburton suggests she was 5 when the contract was dissolved in 1402.

Douce was the daughter of Sir John Massey of Tatton.

In 1402 when Peter was 30, he second married **Alice Braylesford**. Marriage Dispensation 4 May 1402. Alice was born abt 1368. Alice died aft 1428.

Alice was the daughter of Henry Braylesford (Ormerod, also Burke's 'Commoners of Great Britain and Ireland'). Her birth date is from IGI. She made her will in 1428.

They had the following children:

- i. **Peter de Warburton**. Peter was born in Warburton, Cheshire, bef 1408. Peter died aft 1418.

Peter was described as heir in the Inquisition of 8 Henry V (1421) but must have died soon after without issue as the estates passed to his brother. IGI says he married Katherine Warburton though it is unknown if his wife was a Warburton cousin, or called by her married name because her actual name is unknown. Peter is not mentioned by Norman Warburton.

- ii. **Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (~1408~1448)
- iii. **Margaret de Warburton**. Margaret was born in Warburton, Cheshire, aft 1408. Margaret died aft 1448.

Margaret was living in 1448. Both Norman Warburton and IGI place her after Geoffrey.

## Tenth Generation

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**15. Sir Geoffrey de Warburton** (*Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Geoffrey was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1408. He was christened in Warburton, St Werburgh, Cheshire, abt 1408. Geoffrey died abt 1448. He was buried in Norton Priory, in 1448.

He came into possession of his estates in 1429, which Norman Warbuton interprets as his becoming 21. However his son Piers was 'of age' by 1648 suggesting he was born before 1427, when Geoffrey was only 19.

Norman Warburton questions whether Piers might have been the son of Beatrice. IGI has marriage dates of 1624 for Beatrice and 1427 for Ellen. Ormerod does not mention Beatrice making Piers the son of Ellen.

Geoffrey was knighted before 10 Henry VI (circa 1432), and Seneschal of Halton in 20 Henry VI (circa 1641).

The birth dates of Geoffrey's children (other than Piers) are from IGI though their provenance is unclear. IGI also describes them all as 'of Arley' but the family did not move there until 1469. Petronel and Marion are not included by Ormerod, or Norman Warburton, but are known from IGI.

Abt 1424 when Geoffrey was 16, he first married **Beatrice Dutton**.

Norman Warburton simply describes her as Beatrice, but there are IGI entries which include the name Dutton. She is not mentioned by Ormerod.

Abt 1427 when Geoffrey was 19, he second married **Ellen Bruyn**. Ellen was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1401.

Norman Warburton describes Ellen as the sister of John Bruyn of Tarvin. IGI also names her father John. After Sir Geoffrey's death she married first Henry Legh, and then Ralph Grosvenor.

They had the following children:

- 16**
- i. **Piers de Warburton** (>1427-1495)
  - ii. **Joan de Warburton**. Joan was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1430.

Joan is living, under age, in 12 Henry VI (circa 1433).

- iii. **Thomas de Warburton**. Thomas was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1432.

Thomas is living in 1448 when he was a legatee in his father's will. He is described by Randall Holme the Herald as 'of Halton' (Norman Warburton).

- 17**
- iv. **John de Warburton** (~1434-)
  - v. **Richard de Warburton**. Richard was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1436.

Richard is living in 1448 when he was a legatee in his father's will. He was Proctor at Cambridge in 1457 but died without issue (Norman Warburton).

- vi. **Petronel de Warburton**. Petronel was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1438.
- vii. **Marion de Warburton**. Marion was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1440.
- viii. **Elizabeth Jane de Warburton**. Elizabeth Jane was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1442.

Abt 1468 when Elizabeth Jane was 26, she married **Thomas Bulkeley**. Ormerod and Norman Warburton have this wedding in 24 Henry VI (circa 1445). 1468 comes from IGI. 1445 does not fit with her birth date, unless it was the date of a marriage contract made when she was a child, and formalised subsequently.

## Eleventh Generation

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**16. Piers de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Piers was born in Warburton, Cheshire, aft 1427. Piers died in 1495.

Piers is sometimes called Peter and the two names seem to be interchangeable. Piers (Wise Piers), was of Arley, and of Werberton, Cheshire. IGI gives his birth date as 1428 but although he was as a minor in the 12th year of Henry VI (circa 1434) he was of age by the 26th year (circa 1648) when he is mentioned alongside his father in a lease.

He was Seneschal of Halton. He supported Sir William Stanley of Holt during the Wars of the Roses, signing an agreement to that effect in 1461. At Bosworth Stanley, with his elder brother Thomas, intervened to give victory to Henry VII, but was later beheaded for his part in the Perkin Warbeck plot. Wise Piers avoided this fate.

Piers also built the first house at Arley in around 1469.

The birth dates of his children are from IGI, though they are dubious given the date of his marriage, yet given daughter Blanche's marriage date they could not be pushed back far. At least they give sequence to the children.

Abt 1436 when Piers was 9, he first married **Elizabeth Mainwaring**. Either the wedding occurred in the 14th year of Henry VI (1436), or it was dissolved in that year. Either way Piers was still a minor at the time.

Elizabeth was the daughter of John Mainwaring of Over Peover. Ormerod refers to her as Alice.

In 1469 when Piers was 42, he second married **Ellen Savage**, daughter of **Sir John Savage III & Lady Eleanor De Brereton**, in Clifton, Runcorn, Cheshire. The marriage was by dispensation from the Pope because Piers and Ellen were related in the third degree. The location is from IGI. Ellen was born in Clifton, Runcorn, Cheshire, abt 1432.

They had the following children:

- 18**
- i. **Sir John Warburton** (~1459-1524)
  - ii. **Peter Warburton**. Peter was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1461.

Peter received lands in Bromfield, Cheshire. According to Norman Warburton who gives a birth date around 1455, he was born before his parents married, which implies his brother was also. Is it possible the need for a dispensation delayed the marriage until they had already had their family?

- iii. **Blanche Warburton**. Blanche was born abt 1463.

Blanche was of Arley, and of Werberton, Cheshire.

Abt 1472 when Blanche was 9, she married **Thomas Daniel**. The date of marriage doesn't fit with her date of birth unless it was a marriage contract made when she was a child.

Thomas was of Over Tabley.

- iv. **Douce Warburton**. Douce was born abt 1465. Douce died aft 1484.

Douce was of Arley, and of Werberton, Cheshire.

In 1484 when Douce was 19, she married **Richard Aston** in England.

Richard was of Aston.

**17. John de Warburton** (*Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). John was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1434.

John is living in 1448 when he was a legatee in his father's will. John was father of an illegitimate son Thomas of Northwich who in turn was father of Sir Peter Warburton of Grafton, knight, and justice of the Commons Pleas (from mentions in the 1510-11 settlement of estates, and 1613 visitations as noted by Norman Warburton).

Child:

- 19**
- i. **Thomas Warburton**

## Twelfth Generation

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**18. Sir John Warburton** (*Piers de Warburton*<sup>11</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>10</sup>, *Peter*<sup>9</sup>, *John*<sup>8</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>7</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>6</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>5</sup>, *Peter*<sup>4</sup>, *Geoffrey de Dutton*<sup>3</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>2</sup>, *Adam*<sup>1</sup>). John was born in Warburton, Cheshire, abt 1459. John died in 1524.

John was of Arley, Cheshire. He was made Sheriff of Chester in 1495, a post he held until his death. Also he was a "knight of the body" to Henry VII.

Ormerod lists eight children of whom six are named. IGI has ten children and makes Sir Piers the youngest, not the eldest. IGI's birth dates have been ignored where they interrupt the sequence suggested by Ormerod, and are at best estimates.

Abt 1487 when John was 28, he first married **Joanne Stanley**. The contract of marriage was dated 2 Henry VII (circa 1487).

Joanna was the daughter of Sir William Stanley of Holt, Chamberlain to Henry VII. [Martinrealm.org](http://Martinrealm.org) calls her Jane.

They had the following children:

- 20**
- i. **Sir Piers Warburton** (~1489-1550)
  - ii. **John Warburton**. John was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1490. John died bef 1524.

John presumably predeceased his father.

John married **Emma Golborne**.

Emma was of Overton.

- iii. **Jane (Jean) Warburton**. Jane (Jean) was born in Arley, Cheshire.

Norman Warburton uses the name Jane, but she is most commonly Jean on IGI where her birth date is 1500. However Ormerod lists her as the first of the daughters.

Abt 1526 Jane (Jean) married **Sir William Turvyle**. Marriage date is from IGI.

- iv. **Douce Warburton**. Douce was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1492.

Douce married **John Starkie**.

John was of Wrenbury.

- v. **Margaret Ellen Warburton**. Margaret Ellen was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1495.

Norman Warburton identifies Ellen as an additional daughter. The many IGI references to Ellen give her the same spouse as Margaret Ellen, and a slightly different birth date.

Margaret Ellen married **John Carrington**.

John was of Carrington.

- vi. **Blanche Warburton**. Blanche was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1496. Blanche died in 1541.

Blanche's date of death is from IGI.

Abt 1520 when Blanche was 24, she first married **William Davenport**. Marriage date is from IGI.

William was of Bramhall. He left a will in 1541.

Blanche second married **Christopher Eyre**. Blanche's second marriage is known from IGI.

- vii. **Ann (Agnes) Warburton**. Ann (Agnes) was born in Arley, Cheshire.

Ann or Agnes and her details are only known from IGI.

Ann (Agnes) married **Richard Markham**.

- viii. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1498.

Elizabeth and her details are only known from IGI.

Abt 1524 when Elizabeth was 26, she married **William Booth**.

- ix. **William Warburton**. William was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1502.

William is not included by Ormerod or Norman Warburton and is only mentioned on IGI. However Ormerod does indicate one other unnamed son.

- x. **Boy Warburton**. Boy was born in Arley, Cheshire.

This unnamed child is only indicated on IGI.

John second married **Sibilla Starkey**.

Sibilla was the daughter of Thomas Starkey of Stratton, and sister of Richard. According to Ormerod she was John's mistress by whom he had three sons who bore the family name.

They had the following children:

- i. **Thomas Warburton**.
- ii. **Richard Warburton**.
- iii. **Geoffrey Warburton**.

**19. Thomas Warburton** (*John de Warburton*<sup>11</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>10</sup>, *Peter*<sup>9</sup>, *John*<sup>8</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>7</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>6</sup>,

*Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

Thomas was from Norwich. According to his son Peter he was Sheriff in 1524.

He was however illegitimate as his father, a minor son of Sir Geoffrey Warburton, never married.

Thomas married **Anne Masterson**.

Anne was the daughter of Robert Masterson of Nantwich, Cheshire

They had one child:

- i. **Sir Peter Warburton**. Peter was born in Northwich, Cheshire, abt 1540. Peter died in Grafton, Cheshire, on 7 Sep 1621.

Peter was educated at Staple Inn before joining Lincoln's Inn on May 2nd 1562. Later he was a Judge and Member of Parliament.

His biography on the History of Parliament website states:

When Warburton was seeking permission to use the family arms in 1597, he described his grandfather as 'a younger son of Sir Geoffrey Warburton by a later wife, and having little to live upon was never married, and so my father [was] illegitimate'. His father was well thought of, Warburton continued, and was sheriff in 1524. Whatever his origins, Warburton made his way as a lawyer, coming to the notice of the Earl of Leicester, chamberlain of the palatinate of Chester, and to that of Henry Stanley, 4th Earl of Derby, who later succeeded Leicester as chamberlain. He was already legal counsel to Chester in 1584, when Leicester and Derby both recommended to the city that he should be made an alderman. Chester took no immediate action and rejected Leicester's nomination of Warburton there in 1584. Instead Warburton came in for Newcastle-under-Lyme, through his own duchy of Lancaster connexions. By 1586 he was an alderman and resident of the city. He was elected by Chester to the Parliaments of 1586, 1589 and 1597, on the third occasion in the senior place, usually taken by the recorder. In 1593 he declined, being preoccupied by 'great business' for the Queen, for others and for himself, and he considered that his request to be spared was 'the more reasonable, because I have served three sessions already and will hereafter do you the best I can'. Warburton's name occurs in the journals of the House only for his last Parliament, when he was appointed to committees on the poor law (20 Dec. 1597), ordinances made by corporations (12 Jan. 1598), maltsters (12 Jan.), bread (13 Jan.), defence (16 Jan.), Norwich diocese (16 Jan.) and some minor legal matters (11, 14, 16, 18 Jan.). As a serjeant-at-law he could also have attended committees on the penal laws (8 Nov.



1597), the continuation of statutes (11 Nov.), forgery (12 Nov.), the poor law (22 Nov.), monopolies (8 Dec.) and defence (23 Jan. 1598).

After Warburton became a judge he bought the manor of Grafton, built a mansion and attempted to obtain the grant of arms referred to above, asserting that the head of the family—and his eventual father-in-law—Peter Warburton of Arley—supported his claim. His connexion with the earls of Derby was strengthened by the marriage of his only surviving child to Sir Thomas Stanley of Alderley. Trials in which he took part included those of the Earl of Essex, Sir Walter Raleigh and the Gunpowder plotters. He had scarcely become judge when he fell foul of Cecil's aunt, Elizabeth, who felt that Warburton had done her 'an open wrong' by his decision in one of her suits. 'Let him know his duty,' she wrote, 'since he knoweth not honesty nor justice ... For God's sake let me have ... him unjusticed or openly reprov'd for his insolent breach of justice.' It is doubtful if the complaints of Cecil's 'desolate wronged aunt' much affected Warburton's fortunes. He survived somewhat less easily King James's disfavour in 1616, when he hanged a Scotch falconer at Oxford against the King's command. He died in 1621. In his will he asked to be buried beside his third wife. He made his only surviving child, Dame Elizabeth Stanley, his executrix and left her all his lands, with the exception of his leasehold property in Cheshire, which went, along with £500, to his grandson Thomas Stanley. His three granddaughters were left £266 13s.4d. each. To John Jeffreys, his 'friend and cousin', Warburton left all his manuscripts and his 'written books of the laws of England', and he bequeathed a small sum of money to his servant Fabian Philipps, possibly the later royalist author.

In Oct 1574 when Peter was 34, he first married **Margaret Barlow**. Peter and Margaret had 2 daughters, only one of whom, Dame Elizabeth Stanley, outlived her father, and was executrix of his will. Peter also had 3 granddaughters.

Margaret was the daughter George Barlow of Dronfield Woodhouse, Derbyshire.

Peter second married **Elizabeth Butler**.

Elizabeth was the daughter of Sir Thomas Butler of Warrington.

Peter third married **Alice Warburton**, daughter of 23. **Peter Warburton** & **Mary Holcroft**. Alice was born abt 1576.

Alice is the second youngest according to Ormerod. IGI suggests a birth date of circa 1576. There is a baptism record of Ales at Great Budworth on 1st July 1570, but this does not confirm she is Ales of Arley, it is 6 years earlier than the IGI date, and it does not conform with her being the second youngest.

## Thirteenth Generation

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**20. Sir Piers Warburton** (*John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Piers was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1489. Piers died in Arley, Cheshire, on 5 Jun 1550. He was buried in Arley, Cheshire, on 5 Jul 1550.

Piers was of Warburton and Arley. His birth and burial dates are from IGI. He was knighted shortly before his death. His marriage covenants were signed around 1511 when Elizabeth was 10 years old, and he was seven. His Inquisition was held in 4 Edward VI (circa 1551).

IGI has a range of dates from 1489 to 1504 for his birth. The earlier date fits best with him being the eldest. His children's birth dates are also from IGI. He had two other daughters as well as Jane and Ann.

Abt 1519 when Piers was 30, he married **Elizabeth Winnington** in Winnington, Cheshire. Marriage date is from IGI. Elizabeth was born abt 1501. Elizabeth died abt 1559.

Elizabeth was the daughter and heir of Richard Winnington of Winnington. She brought great estates to the family.

They had the following children:

- 21**
- i. **Sir John Warburton** (~1523-1575)
  - ii. **Richard Warburton**. Richard was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1523. Richard died in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 21 Jun 1580.

Two Richards were buried at Great Budworth that year. Richard is probably the one described as a Gent.

- 22**
- iii. **Peter Warburton** (~1524->1576)
  - iv. **Jane Warburton**. Jane was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1525.

Norman Warburton has this Jane marrying William Brereton and dying on 5 March in the 3rd year of Car. (Charles?) I. This however is 1627 when she would be over 100 years old. However a tree of the families of Hefferston Grange has Jane marrying William Brereton of Brereton before Laurence Smith

Al later marriage to William Brereton is recorded at Great Budworth in 1589 which could be Jane's great niece and caused the confusion on her date of death..

Jane first married **William Brereton**.

On 20 Jan 1561 when Jane was 36, she second married **Laurence Smith** in Brereton,

Cheshire. The marriage details are from IGI.

Laurence was of Hough.

- v. **Anne Warburton**. Anne was born on 1 May 1527. Anne died on 9 Jan 1573. She was buried in Dublin, St Patrick, Ireland, on 18 Jan 1573.

Anne's details are known from a Memorial Brass in St Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin. Anne and Edward had nine sons and six daughters.

On 19 Jan 1539 when Anne was 11, she married **Edward Fitton** in London. Probably 1540 on the modern calendar. Edward died in 1579. He was buried in Dublin, St Patrick, Ireland.

Edward was of Gawsworth.

## 14th Generation

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**21. Sir John Warburton** (*Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). John was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1523. John died in 1575. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 6 Sep 1575.

John was of Warburton and Arley. He was knighted at the coronation of Mary Tudor, suggesting he was a Catholic.

His birth date is estimated from his age of 52 at his death. IGI normally gives his dates as 1520-1572 but I read the burial entry at Great Budworth as 1575.

His Inquisition was 18 Elizabeth (circa 1577). Ormerod does not name Jane or Agnes but states there was another son and three daughters. The children's birth dates are from IGI.

In 1535 when John was 12, he married **Mary Brereton** in Brereton, Cheshire. Mary was born abt 1524. Mary died aft 1580.

Mary was the daughter of Sir William Brereton of Brereton. Her birth date is from IGI.

They had the following children:

- 23** i. **Peter Warburton** (~1542-1626)
- 24** ii. **George Warburton** (~1544-1613)
- 25** iii. **John Warburton** (~1546->1626)
- iv. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1546. Elizabeth died in 1629. She was buried on 4 May 1629.
- v. **Ann Warburton**. Ann was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1549. Ann died on 17 Nov 1601.

Ann is not named by Ormerod though he mentions 3 unnamed daughters. Her exact death date is taken from IGI though there is no burial record found. Her marriage date is from <http://nottsvillages.blogspot.com/2015/09/shelton.html> which states that Shelton Manor in Nottinghamshire was part of her marriage settlement.

Abt 1579 when Ann was 30, she married **Sir Robert Markam**.

Robert was of Catham.

- vi. **Jane Warburton**. Jane was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1552.

Jane is not named by Ormerod though he mentions 3 unnamed daughters.

- vii. **Agnes Warburton**. Agnes was born abt 1565. Agnes died on 17 Nov 1601.

Agnes is the only child in the family whose birth is estimated after the start of the Great Budworth parish record. However her baptism isn't recorded, so she must have been baptised elsewhere, probably in a Chapel at Arley.

**22. Peter Warburton** (*Piers*<sup>13</sup>, *John*<sup>12</sup>, *Piers de Warburton*<sup>11</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>10</sup>, *Peter*<sup>9</sup>, *John*<sup>8</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>7</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>6</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>5</sup>, *Peter*<sup>4</sup>, *Geoffrey de Dutton*<sup>3</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>2</sup>, *Adam*<sup>1</sup>). Peter was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1524. Peter died aft 1576.

Peter was of Hefferston Grange, and was still living in year 12 Elizabeth I (circa 1570). His son Richard's entry in **The History of Parliament** says he died "after 1576". Most IGI entries give his date of birth as circa 1522, but if his elder brother died in 1575 aged 52 this is too early.

Peter's descendants are based on a tree of **Warburton, Henry and Ashton of Hefferston Grange**, expanded by information from internet sources where available. The tree is "From documents furnished by the family (including a genealogical memoir by Judge Warburton), the collections of Ralph Bigland esq. Norroy King at Arms, and William Radclyffe esq., Rouge Croix, and the parochial Registers of Weaverham."

The Warburtons of Hefferston Grange survived to 1761 when the will of Philip Henry Warburton left all his estates to the children of his sister Theodosia Keay.

According to the Hefferston Tree Peter married Alice Cooper. His son Richard's entry in **The History of Parliament** includes a note: "His mother is sometimes identified as Katherine or Alice Coupe or Cooper, but this marriage took place c.1570." Either Katherine Coupe and Alice Cooper are versions of the same name, or because of the later marriage date, which is after the likely birth dates for Peter's children, they were two different wives.

Abt 1552 when Peter was 28, he married **Katherine Coupe**. Marriage date is from IGI.

Katherine was the daughter of John Coupe of Abbots Bromley, Staffordshire.

They had the following children:

- i. **Anne Warburton.**

Anne married **Thomas Fitton.**

Thomas was of Siddington, Cheshire.

- ii. **Eleanora Warburton.**

Eleanora married **Hurst.**

Mr Hurst was from Oscote Green, Derbyshire.

- 26 iii. **Peter Warburton** (~1555-1617)

- iv. **William Warburton.**

William married **Margaret Brooke.**

Margaret was from Norton. She died without issue.

- 27 v. **Richard Warburton** (~1568-1610)

- vi. **Thomas Warburton.**

Thomas did not marry.

## 15th Generation

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**23. Peter Warburton** (*John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Peter was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1542. Peter died on 22 Jun 1626.

Peter was one of the earliest and largest Cheshire contributors to the Armada Fund. Circa 1620 William Webb described him as "a gentleman not affecting the style and degree of a Knight, yet one who could never avoid that Dignity, Authority and Worth, which has ever been deservedly thrown upon him for Wisdom and Government".

He only had daughters so he settled his lands on his 3 year old great nephew, Sir George Warburton (1623-76), the grandson of his late brother George. Peter divided his money (£3707 in silver, and £4649 in gold, found in his bedroom) between his daughters.

An Indenture, dated 10 February 1626 [The National Archives, WARD 2/4/19A/3], was made between Peter WARBURTON of Arley, Cheshire, Esq, of the one part; and - John WARBURTON of Winnington, Cheshire, Gent, younger brother of (the said) Peter WARBURTON,

- Peter WARBURTON of Hefferston Grange in the parish of Weaverham, Cheshire, Esq, (This would be Peter (1588-1666) the barrister and judge.

- John WARBURTON of Pulford, Cheshire, Gent. (son of Peter's late brother George)

- Robert WARBURTON of 'Hollins' in Aston, Cheshire, Gent. (son of Peter's late brother George).

- John WALTHAL of Over Whiteley, Cheshire, Gent, of the other part;

by which Indenture the said Peter WARBURTON, because he had no male heirs, leased unto the said Peter, John, Robert and John the Manors of Warburton Aston, Aston of Bidwell, Sutton by Hatton, Pelford, Budworth by Acton, Appleton, Stockton Hill, Comaband, Noved, Sale, Stretton, Hatton Walton inferior, Nowton by Daresby, and Woodhall, 500 messuages, etc, for the term of the minority of the (said male) heirs of Sir John WARBURTON, deceased, father of (the said) Peter WARBURTON (the grantor).

Peter's date of death is from IGI but there is no corresponding burial at Great Budworth.

The baptisms of his daughters would have occurred after parish records at Great Budworth had begun. There are baptisms that may reflect some, but not all the daughters, and the dates do not conform with the sequence published by Ormerod. Also there are a couple of baptisms which seem too late for the girl's subsequent marriages, unless they were married as minors. Therefore the baptisms probably relate to other Warburton families in the parish, and the daughters were probably baptised in a Chapel at Arley. The baptisms are mentioned in notes, but the Ormerod sequence is maintained and birth dates are from IGI are used.

Abt 1567 when Peter was 25, he married **Mary Holcroft**. Mary was born in 1546. Mary died on 18 Jun 1595.

Mary was the daughter of Sir John Holcroft of Holcroft. Her date of death is from IGI.

They had the following children:

- i. **Mary Warburton**. Mary was born abt 1568. Mary died in 1628.

Mary was the eldest daughter according to Ormerod. Her baptism is not in the Great Budworth parish register. She died aged 60 in 1628 according to IGI.

On 25 Jun 1587 when Mary was 19, she married **Sir Thomas Wilbraham** in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire.

Thomas was of Woodley.

- ii. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born abt 1572. Elizabeth died abt 1603.

Elizabeth was the second daughter according to Ormerod. The only Elizabeth baptism at Great Budworth was on 23rd August 1578 which is a little late to fit with the marriage to Ralph Egerton. IGI suggests a birth circa 1572 and death circa 1603.

On 25 Nov 1591 when Elizabeth was 19, she married **Ralph Egerton** in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire.

Ralph was of Ridley.

- iii. **Jane Warburton**. Jane was born abt 1572. Jane died on 5 Mar 1627.

Jane is the third daughter according to Ormerod. The only Jane baptism at Great Budworth was on 4th August 1575 which is a little late to fit with the marriage to William Brereton. IGI suggests a birth date circa 1572, and gives her date of death.

On 3 Dec 1589 when Jane was 17, she married **William Brereton** in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire.

William was of Ashley.

- iv. **Isabel Warburton**.

Isabel is the fourth daughter according to Ormerod. IGI suggests a date circa 1592 which would make her the youngest. The only baptism record for Isabell at Great Budworth was on 30th July 1579, but it does not state she is Isabel of Arley, and would make her younger than Eleanor who follows her in Ormerod.

Isabel married **Sir Edward Stanley**.



Edward was of Bickerstaff.

- v. **Eleanor Warburton**. Eleanor was born abt 1574.

Eleanor was the fifth daughter according to Ormerod. The baptism record of Elinor at Great Budworth on 3rd March 1574 does not state she is Elinor of Arley though the date does match the date on IGI.

On 13 May 1593 when Eleanor was 19, she married **Thomas Marbury** in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire.

Thomas was of Marbury.

- vi. **Frances Warburton**.

Francies was the sixth daughter according to Ormerod. IGI makes her the second youngest with a birth date circa 1588. No baptism of a Frances can be found at Great Budworth.

Frances married **Sir Christopher Trentham**.

- vii. **Alice Warburton**. Alice was born abt 1576.

Alice is the second youngest according to Ormerod. IGI suggests a birth date of circa 1576. There is a baptism record of Ales at Great Budworth on 1st July 1570, but this does not confirm she is Ales of Arley, it is 6 years earlier than the IGI date, and it does not conform with her being the second youngest.

Alice married **Sir Peter Warburton**, son of **19. Thomas Warburton & Anne Masterson**. Peter was born in Northwich, Cheshire, abt 1540. Peter died in Grafton, Cheshire, on 7 Sep 1621.

Peter was educated at Staple Inn before joining Lincoln's Inn on May 2nd 1562. Later he was a Judge and Member of Parliament.

His biography on the History of Parliament website states:

When Warburton was seeking permission to use the family arms in 1597, he described his grandfather as 'a younger son of Sir Geoffrey Warburton by a later wife, and having little to live upon was never married, and so my father [was] illegitimate'. His father was well thought of, Warburton continued, and was sheriff in 1524. Whatever his origins, Warburton made his way as a lawyer, coming to the notice of the Earl of Leicester, chamberlain of the palatinate of Chester, and to that of Henry Stanley, 4th Earl of Derby, who later succeeded Leicester as chamberlain. He was already legal counsel to Chester in 1584, when Leicester and Derby both

recommended to the city that he should be made an alderman. Chester took no immediate action and rejected Leicester's nomination of Warburton there in 1584. Instead Warburton came in for Newcastle-under-Lyme, through his own duchy of Lancaster connexions. By 1586 he was an alderman and resident of the city. He was elected by Chester to the Parliaments of 1586, 1589 and 1597, on the third occasion in the senior place, usually taken by the recorder. In 1593 he declined, being preoccupied by 'great business' for the Queen, for others and for himself, and he considered that his request to be spared was 'the more reasonable, because I have served three sessions already and will hereafter do you the best I can'. Warburton's name occurs in the journals of the House only for his last Parliament, when he was appointed to committees on the poor law (20 Dec. 1597), ordinances made by corporations (12 Jan. 1598), maltsters (12 Jan.), bread (13 Jan.), defence (16 Jan.), Norwich diocese (16 Jan.) and some minor legal matters (11, 14, 16, 18 Jan.). As a serjeant-at-law he could also have attended committees on the penal laws (8 Nov. 1597), the continuation of statutes (11 Nov.), forgery (12 Nov.), the poor law (22 Nov.), monopolies (8 Dec.) and defence (23 Jan. 1598).

After Warburton became a judge he bought the manor of Grafton, built a mansion and attempted to obtain the grant of arms referred to above, asserting that the head of the family—and his eventual father-in-law—Peter Warburton of Arley—supported his claim. His connexion with the earls of Derby was strengthened by the marriage of his only surviving child to Sir Thomas Stanley of Alderley. Trials in which he took part included those of the Earl of Essex, Sir Walter Raleigh and the Gunpowder plotters. He had scarcely become judge when he fell foul of Cecil's aunt, Elizabeth, who felt that Warburton had done her 'an open wrong' by his decision in one of her suits. 'Let him know his duty,' she wrote, 'since he knoweth not honesty nor justice ... For God's sake let me have ... him unjusticed or openly reprov'd for his insolent breach of justice.' It is doubtful if the complaints of Cecil's 'desolate wronged aunt' much affected Warburton's fortunes. He survived somewhat less easily King James's disfavour in 1616, when he hanged a Scotch falconer at Oxford against the King's command. He died in 1621. In his will he asked to be buried beside his third wife. He made his only surviving child, Dame Elizabeth Stanley, his executrix and left her all his lands, with the exception of his leasehold property in Cheshire, which went, along with £500, to his grandson Thomas Stanley. His three granddaughters were left £266 13s.4d. each. To John Jeffreys, his 'friend and cousin', Warburton left all his manuscripts and his 'written books of the laws of England', and he bequeathed a small sum of money to his servant Fabian Philipps, possibly the later royalist author.

viii. **Anne Warburton.** Anne was born abt 1583. Anne died in 1607. She was buried in

Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire.

Anne is the last daughter according to Ormerod. IGI suggests a date circa 1583. The only baptism record for Anne at Great Budworth was on 4th April 1588. Her father is given as Peter, but it does not state she is of Arley.

Anne, daughter of Peter of Arley was buried in 1607 at Great Budworth.

**24. George Warburton** (*John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). George was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1544. George died in 1613. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 13 Sep 1613.

George was of the Lodge, and of Arley. IGI says he died before 1612, but the burial record from 1613 is for George of Arley.

His children's dates of birth are from IGI, which match the sequence in Ormerod, except for Mary who is not mentioned in Ormerod.

There are no reliable records of George's children being baptised at Great Budworth. There are baptisms of Peter on 4th September 1581, and John on 3rd July 1582, but these are before George's marriage. There is also a Robert, son of George baptised on 11th August 1586 but Robert is the fourth son according to Ormerod and this is only 2 years after his parents marriage. There is also a Thomas son of George baptised on 21st July 1594 which could be George's son, but there are no records of Gabriel, Hesketh or the daughters.

On 4 Aug 1584 when George was 40, he married **Elizabeth Houghton** in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire. Elizabeth was born in Houghton, Cheshire, abt 1560.

Elizabeth was the widow of Alexander Houghton of Houghton, and sister of Thomas Hesketh.

They had the following children:

- 28**
- i. **Peter Warburton** (~1585-1625)
  - ii. **John Warburton**. John was born abt 1587. John died in Pulford, Cheshire, abt 1637.

An Indenture, dated 10 February 1626 names John Warburton of Pulford, Cheshire, Gent, as one of the parties, along with Robert of 'Hollins' in Aston, Cheshire. These are almost certainly the sons of George, the late brother of Peter Warburton of Arley, whose legacy the Indenture addressed.

Two Inventories for John of Pulford exist, dated 1637, and 1639.

John was described as a cavalier by Virginia Warbruton suggesting he lived into the English Civil War. She also assigns him several children, including a George and John who settled in Ireland, John being the founder of the Garryinch line. This genealogy was adopted by Burke's Landed Gentry but challenged by the Arley family in the 19th century. The Indenture reference is further evidence that this was a fabrication.

- iii. **Gabriel Warburton**. Gabriel was born abt 1588.

Gabriel's baptism is not in the Great Budworth records.

Gabriel married **Ann Harrington**. Ann was born in Spaunton, Yorkshire, abt 1591.

IGI gives Ann's birthplace as Spannton but Spaunton is the nearest match.

- iv. **Robert Warburton**. Robert was born abt 1589. Robert died in 1639. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 23 Apr 1639.

An Indenture, dated 10 February 1626 names Robert WARBURTON of 'Hollins' in Aston, Cheshire, Gent. Robert was buried at Great Budworth as Robert of Aston. A Maria, wife of Robbi (Robert) Warburton of the Lodge who was buried on January 14th 1645 at Great Budworth. may be Robert's wife.

Some sources refer to Robert as a clergyman.

- v. **Hesketh Warburton**. Hesketh was born abt 1590. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, in Aug 1607.
- vi. **Thomas Warburton**. Thomas was born abt 1591.
- vii. **Ann Warburton**. Ann was born abt 1592.
- viii. **Mary Warburton**. Mary was born abt 1597.

Mary is not mentioned by Ormerod, but is on IGI. There is a burial of a Marie of Arley on 9th June 1591 which could be her if the IGI birth date is incorrect. Other possible Marys already have death dates.

- ix. **Alice Warburton**. Alice was born abt 1599.

Alice married **Nicholas Rigby**.

Nicholas was probably of Horwich or Howick, Lancashire.

**25. John Warburton** (*John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). John was born in Arley, Cheshire, abt 1546. John died aft 1626.

John of Winnington, younger brother of Peter of Arley was party to an Indenture of 1626, meaning John lived beyond that date. John, son of John's late brother George, was also mentioned.

Therefore neither of these can be the John of Arley who was buried at Great Budworth on 1st Jan 1622, and who remains unidentified.

Child:

**29** i. **William Warburton** (-1669)

**26. Peter Warburton** (*Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Peter was born in Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire, abt 1555. Peter died in 1617.

The Lincoln's Inn Admissions Register includes 1578, December 9 - Peter Warburton of Cheshire, late of New Inn.

The will of Peter of Hefferston, is dated June 20th 1617, and proved on September 18th by his son Peter and one of the executors. There is also an Inventory dated August 7th. The will is difficult to read but there is a partial transcript in Norman Warburton's **Warburton: The Village and the Family**.

The will mentions his sons Peter (the eldest and heir), George (who is to be supported to the parsonage of Lymm and Warburton), and William and Thomas, who are both under 24. There are also daughters Frances and Theodosia who are unmarried and classed along with William and Thomas as "the younger children". He also mentions a married daughter, Mrs Garnett (her forename is unclear but looks like Garrett) and her daughter Mary, and a further daughter Bere. His wife is also a beneficiary but unnamed, It is assumed these are references to two of the three other daughters shown on the Hefferston tree. His son Peter and brother William are executors. Cousin Warburton of Arley receives a colt of his choice, and is also overseer (this would be Peter of Arley circa 1542-1626).

On 1 Feb 1586 when Peter was 31, he married **Magdalen Moulton** in London. London Marriage Licenses: Warburton, Peter of Lincoln's Inn, Gent, bachelor, aged 30, and Magdalen Moulton, spinster of St Alban, Wood Street, daughter of Robert Moulton, of same, Esq, by gen. lic. 1 February 1585/6. Magdalen died aft 1617.

Magdalen was the daughter of Robert Moulton of St Albans, Wood Street, London.

They had the following children:

- i. **Elizabeth Warburton.**
- ii. **Mary Ann Warburton.**
- iii. **Sarah Warburton.**
- 30 iv. **Peter Warburton** (1588-1666)
- v. **George Warburton.** George was born abt 1590.  
His father's will indicates that George was a vicar.
- 31 vi. **William Warburton** (>1593-1653)
- vii. **Thomas Warburton.** Thomas was born aft 1593.
- viii. **Frances Warburton.**
- 32 ix. **Theodosia Warburton**

**27. Richard Warburton** (*Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Richard was born in Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire, abt 1568. Richard died on 13 Jan 1610. He was buried in London, St. Martin-in-the-Fields, on 15 Jan 1610.

According to Wikipedia **Sir Richard Warburton** (died 1610) was an English politician who sat in the House of Commons between 1601 and 1610. He was the third son of Peter Warburton of Hefferston Grange in Weaverham, Cheshire and his wife Alice Cooper, daughter of John Cooper of Abbots Bromley, Staffordshire. He was educated at Clement's Inn and then at Lincoln's Inn in 1583. He was a gentleman pensioner from around 1592 until his death. In 1600 he was constable of Lancaster Castle and steward of Lonsdale hundred. In 1601, he was elected Member of Parliament for Bridport. He was knighted in 1603. In 1604 he was elected MP for Penryn and sat until his death in 1610.

Richard's entry in **The History of Parliament** states:

### Family and Education

Born by 1568 (based on his date of entry to Lincoln's Inn) the son of Peter Warburton (died after 1576) of Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire. His mother is sometimes identified as Katherine or Alice Coupe or Cooper, but this marriage. took place c.1570. Educated at Clement's Inn and Lincoln's Inn (admitted 1583). Married (c. July 1603) Anne daughter of William Vavasour of Weston, Yorks., lady of bedchamber to Elizabeth 1. Knighted 22 Apr. 1603.

### Offices Held

Gentleman pensioner c.1591 to his death.

Captain of privateer 1595, and Brill garrison 1602-to his death.

Constable, Lancaster Castle, Lancs. 1600 to death.

Steward, Lonsdale Hundred, Lancs. 1600 to death.

Bailiff, Rigby, Wray and Singleton manors, Lancs. 1607 to death.

Clerk, Palatine county court., Lancs. 1607 to death.

Surveyor of woods north of Trent, Duchy of Lancaster 1607 to death.

## **Biography**

Warburton's pedigree stretched back to the twelfth century, when his forebears first acquired the Cheshire manor of the same name. His great-grandfather served as county sheriff, and married a niece of the 1st earl of Derby.

By 1550 the family held four manors and land in over 20 parishes. However, Warburton's father Peter received only a small share of this property, being a younger son. In around 1581 Peter, or his son and heir of the same name, was assessed for subsidy at just £6 in goods, suggesting that he enjoyed only minor gentry status.

Warburton himself, having no hope of a sizeable inheritance, initially sought a career in law. His admission to Lincoln's Inn was probably secured by one of the benchers, his cousin Peter Warburton (the Lord of Arley Hall), a client of their distant kinsman the 4th earl of Derby.

In about 1591 Warburton became a gentleman pensioner, presumably with the assistance of Derby, who was then steward of the Household. Following Derby's death two years later, Warburton attached himself to Robert Cecil, captaining a ship in the latter's unsuccessful privateering venture off the Spanish coast in the autumn of 1595. He probably accompanied Cecil to France in 1598, and seems to have owed his place at Bridport in the 1601 Parliament to his patron.

Cecil certainly intervened to help Warburton obtain a captaincy in the Brill garrison a year later, despite opposition from the governor, Sir Francis Vere. Vere's objections were justified, since Warburton, who apparently viewed his commission primarily as a source of income, claimed his expenses assiduously but failed to take up his duties until mid-1604. In the interim he acquired both a knighthood and a wife, but although he retained his post as pensioner, his efforts at securing further offices attracted only the reversion of minor positions in the duchy of Lancaster.

Warburton was elected to the 1604 Parliament for Penryn, most likely through the intervention of Cecil, who exercised some influence over the borough through his relatives the Killigrews, the local patrons. During the first session he was named to a conference on the Union (20 Apr.), and to three committees. Of these, one was appointed to examine the grievances raised by Sir Edward Montagu (23 Mar.), while the others were to scrutinise bills on overcrowding in the London area (2 July) and the disqualification of outlaws as parliamentary candidates (31 March).

As a Penryn burgess he was also entitled to attend numerous bill committees considering trade issues such as the West Country's concern over hops and pilchards (18 May and 20 June).

Shortly after the end of this session, Warburton finally and reluctantly took up his army commission. In early August 1604 he reported details of the siege of Sluys to Cecil, whom he asked to stand as godfather to his son as a token of his continuing favour. Warburton was granted this request, and duly named his heir Cecil, but his pleas barely a month later for promotion to Marshal at Brill fell on deaf ears. In December 1605 he brought his patron news of Vere's mission to The Hague, and thereafter remained in England despite Vere's explicit request for his immediate return.

It is not clear whether Warburton was abroad at the start of the 1605-6 parliamentary session, as he does not appear by name in its records. In the third session he was nominated to four bill committees, one of which concerned the possessions of the 5th earl of Derby (3 June 1607). Another on 30 May dealt with the transfer to the Crown of the Cecil house of Theobalds, his patron's principal residence. The others addressed breach of contract by sailors and abuses in the law courts (1 and 12 May).

In October 1607 Warburton secured full possession of the offices granted in reversion in 1604, having already ensured that they would pass in turn to his son. Although his fees as a gentleman pensioner then merited the relatively high subsidy tax assessment of £26, this income would cease when Warburton died, leaving his family heavily dependent on the profits from his various Duchy posts and an annual pension of 100 marks held by his wife in her own right. Accordingly, in a letter probably written on his deathbed, he requested one last favour from his old patron, now earl of Salisbury, who permitted him or his executor to raise an additional sum by selling his Brill commission.

Payments to him by the army ceased on 13 January 1610, the probable date of his death, since he was buried at St. Martin-in-the-Fields two days later. Administration of his estate was granted to his widow towards the end of the same month. None of Warburton's direct descendants is known to have sat in Parliament.

In Jul 1603 when Richard was 35, he married **Anne Vavasour**. Richard and Anne had a son. Anne died in 1646.

Anne was lady of the bedchamber to Queen Elizabeth and daughter of William Vavasour of Weston, Yorkshire.

Anne is sometimes confused with her notorious aunt Anne Vavasour who was a Maid of Honour (1580–81) to Queen Elizabeth I of England, and the mistress of two aristocratic men. Her first lover was Edward de Vere, 17th Earl of Oxford, by whom she had an illegitimate son, Edward. For that offence, both she and the Earl were sent to the Tower of London by the orders of the Queen. She



later became the mistress of Sir Henry Lee of Ditchley, by whom she had another illegitimate son.

Her husband's entry in **The History of Parliament** indicates Letters of Administration for her estate were granted on 10 Aug. 1646).

They had one child:

- i. **Cecil Warburton**. Cecil was born abt 1604.

Cecil married and had issue according to the Hefferston pedigree, though I have failed to find evidence of them.

There is also an unproven story that Richard Warburton of Dublin (founder of the Warburtons of Garryhinch) was a descendant of the Warburtons of Hefferston Grange. Cecil is a candidate based on his father's name, but his date of birth is too late to have a son old enough to be a merchant in Dublin in the 1630's.

## 16th Generation

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**28. Peter Warburton** (*George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Peter was born abt 1585. Peter died in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 31 Dec 1625.

Peter was of the Lodge in Crowley and heir to his uncle Peter. His baptism isn't recorded at Great Budworth. IGI records his death as 1st Jan 1625, which is the day after the burial at Great Budworth. However the burial record does not identify him as Peter of Crowley.

Charles Forster has notes of four baptisms at Great Budworth where the father is Peter of Crowley: Elnor in March 1613/4, Ester in April 1613, Margaret in Sept 1614 and John in June 1616. The last three are not on my Great Budworth list so I must have missed them. If these are Peter and Elizabeth's children then the marriage must be earlier than estimated. Furthermore there are baptisms of Peter in May 1603, Thomas in 1608, Jane in Dec 1609, and Annie in Dec 1610 where the father is Peter of Crowley so the marriage may have been much earlier.

Neither son inherited so must have died before their father. An Ester of Crowley was buried in Nov 1618, a Peter, gent of unspecified abode was buried in May 1618, and a John of Arley was buried in Jan 1622.

Abt 1615 when Peter was 30, he first married **Elizabeth Norris** in Chester, Cheshire. This marriage is not mentioned in Ormerod.

On 10 Jun 1621 when Peter was 36, he second married **Elizabeth Egerton** in Shocklach, Cheshire. Elizabeth was born in Ridley, Cheshire, abt 1589.

Elizabeth was the daughter of Sir Richard Egerton of Ridley.

They had the following children:

- i. **Peter Warburton**. Peter was born abt 1622. Peter died in Oxford on 1 Aug 1641. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 5 Aug 1641.

Peter died without issue. However an unnamed daughter of Peter of Arley was buried on 11th August 1640 at Great Budworth.

Peter married **Eleanor Needham**. She was buried in Chester, Trinity Church, Cheshire, on 26 Jan 1663.

Eleanor was the daughter of Lord Kilmorye. After Peter's death she married Lord Byron in 1644.

- ii. **Eleanor Warburton**. Eleanor was born abt 1622.

Eleanor married **William Harmer**.

William was from Fenns in Flintshire.

- 33 iii. **Sir George Warburton** (1623-1676)

**29. William Warburton** (*John<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). William died in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, in 1669. He was buried in Shelton, St Mary, Nottinghamshire, in 1669.

**The Works of the Right Reverend William WARBURTON, D.D., Lord Bishop of Gloucester** was edited by Richard HURD who added details of the Bishop's life. In Volume 1, London, 1811, at page 1 he wrote:

"William Warburton was descended from an ancient and very considerable family in Cheshire....His grandfather, of the same name, distinguished himself in the Civil Wars... of the Royal party, [he] showed his zeal and activity in that cause, by serving under Sir George Booth at the affair at Chester...(This refers to Sir George Booth's rebellion of 1659).

"All that I know of him is that he married Frances, daughter of Robert Awfield of Elston, in the County of Nottingham, by whom he had three sons, the second of whom, George, was Mr Warburton's father (available baptisms make George the third son).

"It seems probable, that upon his marriage he moved into Nottinghamshire. His residence was at Shelton, a village about six miles from Newark, where he died (there are also reports e.g. Betham, that he became a coroner)".

Inside the parish church of St Mary, at Shelton, there is a carved stone Warburton Coat-of-Arms

commemorating the burial there in 1669 of William Warburton, the Civil War Royalist. He had resided at Shelton Manor from shortly after the Restoration. The Manor was identified as having been part of the marriage settlements, dated 1579, for the marriage of Robert Markham, of Cottham (or Cottenham), to Ann Warburton, daughter of Sir John and Dame Mary Warburton.

This association of William with Shelton Manor implies William was related to Ann, probably a nephew or great nephew. However the exact link is unknown, and his placement as John's son (and Ann's nephew) is arbitrary.

William married **Frances Awfield**.

Frances was the daughter of Robert Awfield of Elston, Nottinghamshire.

In 1670 a court case was recorded:

WARBURTON v. WARBURTON:

"Plaintiffs: Richard WARBURTON and Elizabeth WARBURTON.

Defendants: Frances WARBURTON, Widow.

Subject: Property in Shelton, Notts.

(ref:TNA, C 10/491/187 [Kew])

This is possibly a case brought by the brother and sister of William Warburton of Shelton against his widow. Details are unknown.

They had the following children:

- i. **John Warburton**. John was born in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, on 5 Feb 1656. He was christened in Shelton, St Mary, Nottinghamshire, on 6 Feb 1656.
- ii. **Peter Warburton**. Peter was born in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, in 1657. He was christened in Shelton, St Mary, Nottinghamshire, on 1 Apr 1657. Peter died in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, on 29 May 1663.
- 34 iii. **George Warburton** (1659-1706)
- iv. **Frances Warburton**. Frances was born in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, in 1661. She was christened in Shelton, St Mary, Nottinghamshire, on 1 Jul 1661.

**30. Peter Warburton** (*Peter*<sup>15</sup>, *Peter*<sup>14</sup>, *Piers*<sup>13</sup>, *John*<sup>12</sup>, *Piers de Warburton*<sup>11</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>10</sup>, *Peter*<sup>9</sup>, *John*<sup>8</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>7</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>6</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>5</sup>, *Peter*<sup>4</sup>, *Geoffrey de Dutton*<sup>3</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>2</sup>, *Adam*<sup>1</sup>). Peter was born in Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire, on 27 Mar 1588. Peter died on 28 Feb 1666. He was buried in Fetcham, Surrey.

Peter was a barrister and judge. Wikipedia describes him thus (based on the **Oxford Dictionary of National Biography**):

The eldest son of Peter Warburton of Hefferston Grange, Cheshire, [who was] grandson of Sir Peter

Warburton (d. 1550) of Arley in the same county, by Magdalen, daughter of Robert Moulton of St. Alban's, Wood Street, London, auditor of the exchequer in the reign of Elizabeth, he was born on 27 March 1588. At Oxford, where he matriculated at Brasenose College on 11 May 1604, he graduated B.A. on 22 November 1606. On 27 January 1607 he was admitted student at Lincoln's Inn, where he was called to the bar in 1612.

Warburton was one of the commissioners appointed on 1 February 1641 for the levy in Cheshire of the first two subsidies granted by the Long Parliament, and on 6 November 1645 was added to the committee of accounts. Parliament also appointed him on 22 February 1647 justice of the court of session of Cheshire and of the great sessions of Montgomeryshire, Denbighshire, and Flintshire, and advanced him on 12 June 1649 to a puisne judgeship in the Court of Common Pleas, having first (9 June) caused him to be invested with the coif. He was a member of the special commission which on 24 October of that year tried John Lilburne. On 14 March 1655 he was placed with Sir George Booth and Sir William Brereton on the militia commission for Cheshire. Soon afterwards he was transferred from the court of common pleas to the upper bench, in which he sat with Lord Chief Justice John Glynn on the trial (9 February 1657) of Miles Sindercombe.

Though pardoned at the Restoration of 1660, Warburton was not confirmed by a new call in the status of serjeant-at-law. He died on 28 February 1666, and was buried in the church of Fetcham, Surrey. His Monumental Inscription is recorded in John Aubrey's **Natural History and Antiques of the County of Surrey**: Peter Warburton of Hefferston Grange in the County Palatine of Chester Esq. Born 27th March 1588. Dyed (sic) 28th February 1665 (1666 in the modern calendar).

This Peter is probably the Judge Warburton who provided the genealogical memoir referred to on the Hefferston tree.

On 28 Nov 1616 when Peter was 28, he married **Alice Gardener** in Brampton Bryan, Herefordshire. Peter Warberton of Whitegate, Chester married Mrs Alice Gardner. This marriage is a good fit on date, and Peter's abode of Chester, but Alice is from Worcester and not previously married on the Hefferston tree.

Alice was the daughter of John Gardener of Himbleton, Worcestershire.

They had the following children:

- 35** i. **Robert Warburton** (1622-1696)  
 ii. **Peter Warburton**.

Peter died in infancy.

- iii. **Thomas Warburton**.

Thomas died in infancy.

- iv. **Henry Warburton**.

Henry died in infancy.

- v. **Geoffrey Warburton**.

Geoffrey died in infancy.

- 36** vi. **Peter Warburton**  
 vii. **Elizabeth Warburton**.  
 viii. **Anne Warburton**.  
 ix. **Sarah Warburton**.  
 x. **Abigail Warburton**.  
 xi. **Hester Warburton**.  
 xii. **Theodosia Warburton**.

**31. William Warburton** (*Peter<sup>15</sup>, Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). William was born aft 1593. William died in 1653.

Sir William Betham's hand drawn pedigree names 5 children of William and Anne. At least two of them are associated incorrectly with known individuals. Possibly William and Anne had children of the same name. William's date of death is from Betham's pedigree.

William married **Anne Warburton**. Anne died in Dec 1661.

Ann was described as the daughter of Richard Warburton of London on the Hefferston pedigree from The History of Cheshire, but of Broomfield on Sir William Betham's hand drawn pedigree. This suggests he was descended from Peter, the second son of Wise Piers and Ellen nee Savage, who received lands in Bromfield. This makes Ann and William distant cousins. Wills/Inventries for John of Broomfield dated 1595 and 1639 attest to the continued occupation of Broomfield by a Warburton family.

Betham also includes the note 'alias de la Rolles' which suggests she was a widow when she married William.

They had the following children:

i. **Anne Warburton.**

Anne married **John Cundy.**

John's name is indistinct on Betham's pedigree. He was 'of Boston'.

ii. **Elizabeth Warburton.**

iii. **William Warburton.**

Sir William Betham associates this William with the Civil War Royalist whose burial in 1669 is commemorated in the parish church of St Mary, Shelton, by a carved stone Warburton Coat-of-Arms. Although his father's age doesn't preclude his service in the Civil War, particularly Booth's rising of 1659, the Royalist's association with Shelton links him with the Ann Warburton who received Shelton as part of her marriage settlement with Sir Robert Markham. This William was a first cousin twice removed from Ann, whereas it is more likely the Royalist was a nephew or great nephew.

iv. **John Warburton.**

Betham indicates John died without issue.

v. **Richard Warburton.**

Richard is described as 'of Ireland,' but given his father's birth was after 1593 he cannot have been old enough to arrive as a successful merchant in Dublin by 1631.

**32. Theodosia Warburton** (*Peter<sup>15</sup>, Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

Boyd's Inhabitants of London records: Robert Somers, Citizen and Grocer of London: died 1637, P.C.C. Will 1638; married Cheshire Marriage License, 1626, Theodosia Warburton, daughter of Peter Warburton and Magdalen Moulton; issue:

1. Theodosia Somers; married Peter Warburton, grandson of Peter Warburton.
2. Hester Somers; married John Warburton, great grandson of (ditto).

On 11 Mar 1626 Theodosia married **Robert Somers** in Weaverham, Cheshire. Cheshire Marriage Licenses: 11 March 1625/6 Robert Somers of London, Grocer, and Theodosia Warburton, spinster, at Weaverham, Cheshire. Robert died in London in 1637.

William Betham's Genealogical Abstracts: February 19th 1637/8. The Will of Robert Somers of London:

- I give and bequeath unto Theodosia, my daughter, being her Orphanage Parts according to the custom of the City of London, and I will and desire that my daughter shall and may inherit the lease

of my estate.

- I give and bequeath to Robert Twislington my nephew... his brother Richard Twislington my nephew...
- I give and bequeath to my Sister Elizabeth Jackson 50 pounds...
- I give my mother-in-law Mrs Magdalen Warburton ten pounds to buy her a ring.
- I give to my brother-in-law Peter Warburton Esq. ten ponds to buy him a ring.
- I give to each of my three brothers-in-law William Warburton, Thomas Warburton and George Warburton ten pounds apiece...
- my late brother Thomas Shinsham and Frances his late wife...
- I give to my cosen Jeffery Warburton of Lower Loughton in the Countie of C'nt'y 25 pounds..."

This will identifies Robert as the husband of a daughter of Peter Warburton and Magdalen nee Moulton. However the lack of a mention of his wife, and the reference to an orphanage part implies she pre-deceased him. There also no mention of his daughter Hester so if she existed she must have died an infant, and so cannot be the wife of John Warburton as stated in Boyd's **Inhabitants of London**. Jeffery Warburton of Lower Loughton is unknown, but must be Theodosia's cousin, and so a grandson of Peter Warburton and Alice nee Cooper.

They had one child:

- 37**      i. **Theodosia Somers**



## 17th Generation

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**33. Sir George Warburton** (*Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). George was born in 1623. George died on 18 May 1676. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 26 May 1676.

George inherited the Arley estate from his great uncle when he was 3 years old. He played no part in the Civil War but in 1654 Oliver Cromwell appointed him Sheriff of Cheshire. On the Restoration he presented £1084 to the Exchequer and consequently he was created a Baronet on 27 June 1660.

George had a total of 19 children, 6 by his first wife, and 13 by his second (Arley Guide). Of Diana's children 10 are listed by IGI, and another is only mentioned by Ormerod, but 2 are unknown.

Apart from Peter, none of the children of his first marriage were baptised at Great Budworth, but eight of the children of his second wife were. There is a Catherine in each marriage so the first is presumed to have died young.

IGI describes all the children of his second marriage as 'of Winnington', although George was master of Arley Hall. This is because Diana's eldest son inherited Winnington, with provision for her other children to inherit if the eldest line failed.

Birth dates of the children are from baptism records where they exist or from IGI, except George is from **Seven Households**, which also states there were 3 younger brothers of Thomas by Diana, none of whom married. Ormerod has a total of 5 sons by Diana, but 1 died young.

Abt 1641 when George was 18, he first married **Elizabeth Middleton**. IGI has a date for this marriage of 16 Dec 1649. However entries in the accounts of Chirk Castle show it was circa 1641, and Elizabeth in fact died in 1649 (Charles Foster). Maybe the IGI date is in fact her death. Elizabeth was born in Chirk Castle, Denbighshire, on 24 Jan 1619. Elizabeth died in 1649.

Elizabeth was the daughter of Sir Thomas Middleton of Chirk Castle in Denbighshire. There is no record of her burial at Great Budworth, but she died in 1649 according to Charles Foster, the date in Ormerod being an error.

They had the following children:

**38** i. **Sir Peter Warburton** (1642-1698)

ii. **Eleanor Warburton**. Eleanor was born in Arley, Cheshire, bef 1645.

Abt 1675 when Eleanor was 30, she married **Francis Edwards**. Marriage date is from IGI.

Francis was from Shrewsbury.

iii. **Hester Warburton**. Hester was born in Arley, Cheshire, bef 1646.

Hester married **Edward Domville**.

**39** iv. **George Warburton** (1648-1688)

v. **Mary Warburton**. Mary was born in Arley, Cheshire, bef 1647.

Abt 1677 when Mary was 30, she married **William Grantham**. Marriage date is from IGI.

vi. **Catherine Warburton**. Catherine was born in Arley, Cheshire, bef 1650.

Catherine presumably died young as a second Catherine was born to George's second wife.

Bef 1654 when George was 31, he second married **Diana Bishop**. Diana was born abt 1634. Diana died on 15 Mar 1693. She was buried in Chester, St Johns, Cheshire.

Diana was the daughter of Sir Edward Bishop of Parham in Sussex, and Lady Mary Lufton, daughter of Nicholas, Earl of Thanet.

They had the following children:

- i. **Diana Warburton**. Diana died on 11 Feb 1676. She was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 15 Feb 1676.

Ormerod lists Diana as the first daughter though IGI estimates her date of birth as 1675. However only her burial is recorded at Great Budworth, where she is referred to as Lady Diana.

- ii. **Frances Warburton**. Frances died on 29 Jan 1694. She was buried in Chester, St Johns, Cheshire.

Frances is mentioned by Ormerod but is not on IGI. Her baptism is not recorded at Great Budworth.

- 40 iii. **Thomas Warburton** (1654-1727)

- iv. **Catherine Warburton**. Catherine was born in Arley, Cheshire, in 1656. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 30 Sep 1656.

On her baptism record she is described as Katherine, daughter of George of Arley.

- v. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born on 26 Oct 1657. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 26 Oct 1657. Elizabeth died on 26 Apr 1689. She was buried in Chester, St Johns, Cheshire.

On her baptism record she is described as Elizabeth, daughter of George of Arley.

- vi. **Christina Warburton**. Christina was born on 2 Nov 1658. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 2 Nov 1658. Christina died on 31 Mar 1689. She was buried in Chester, St Johns, Cheshire.

On her baptism record she is described as Christiana, daughter of George of Arley.

- vii. **Henry Warburton**. Henry was born abt 1662.

Henry died in infancy. Neither his baptism nor burial are recorded at Great Budworth

- viii. **Robert Warburton**. Robert was born in 1663. He was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 9 Feb 1663.

Robert was probably one of the 3 sons who lived to maturity but never married.

- ix. **John Warburton**. John was born on 23 Oct 1663. He was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 23 Oct 1663.

John was probably one of the 3 sons who lived to maturity but never married. A John of Appleton, given the suffix 'gener', was buried at Great Budworth 20th September 1676. If 'gener' implies relationship to the Arley family this could be this John.

- x. **Cecil Warburton**. Cecil was born in 1667. He was christened in Great Budworth, St

Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 16 Sep 1667. Cecil died on 2 May 1728. He was buried in Chester, St Johns, Cheshire.

Cecil was probably one of the 3 sons who lived to maturity but never married. Ormerod gives his date of death as 2nd May 1728-9. This date is not before the New Year so may imply uncertainty. His age at death was 63. However the baptism of Ceciline son? of George would imply a younger age.

- xi. **Penelope Warburton**. Penelope was born on 1 Jul 1669. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 16 Jul 1669.

Penelope is not mentioned by Ormerod, but is in IGI. Her father's name is not recorded on the baptism record?

On 8 Jun 1695 when Penelope was 25, she married **John Mordaunt**. John was born abt 1657. John died on 6 Sep 1721.

John was of Walton, Warwickshire.

**34. George Warburton** (*William<sup>16</sup>, John<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). George was born in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, on 29 Nov 1659. He was christened in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, on 30 Nov 1659. George died in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1706. He was buried in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 19 Nov 1706.

George was the Town Clerk of Newark-on-Trent.

George first married **Catherine**. Catherine died in Shelton, Nottinghamshire, in 1693. She was buried in Shelton, St Mary, Nottinghamshire, on 14 Nov 1693.

Catherine was buried as the wife of George Warburton.

Aft 1693 when George was 33, he second married **Elizabeth Holman**. Elizabeth was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, abt 1676. Elizabeth died in 1749.

They had the following children:

- i. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1697. She was christened in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 16 Nov 1697. Elizabeth died in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1697. She was buried in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 19 Nov 1697.
- 41 ii. **William Warburton** (1698-1779)
- iii. **Mary Warburton**. Mary was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1700. She was christened in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 14 Jul 1700.
- iv. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1702. She was christened in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 22 Sep 1702.
- v. **Frances Warburton**. Frances was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1704. She was christened in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 11 Nov 1704.
- vi. **George Warburton**. George was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, in 1706. He was christened in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 5 Jul 1706.

**35. Robert Warburton** (*Peter<sup>16</sup>, Peter<sup>15</sup>, Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Robert was born in Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire, in 1622. Robert died in Chester, Cheshire, in 1696. He was buried in Weaverham, St Mary, Cheshire, on 7 Apr 1696.

In 1649 when Robert was 27, he married **Elizabeth Berkeley**. Boyd's Marriage Index records a marriage between Robert Warburton and Elz Burkley at Helen Bpsgate in Cheshire. However Helen Bpsgate is probably St Helens Bishopsgate, in London. Elizabeth Berkeley died in Walton, Lancashire, on 28 Dec 1668.

They had the following children:

- i. **Peter Warburton**. Peter was born abt 1650. Peter died on 27 May 1727. He was buried in Weaverham, St Mary, Cheshire, on 1 Jun 1727.

Peter was the first son, and heir, but he died without issue.

- ii. **John Warburton**. John was born abt 1652. John died in 1718.

John died without issue.

John married **Hester Warburton**, daughter of **36. Peter Warburton** & **37. Theodosia Somers**.

The Pedigree of the Warburtons of Hefferston Grange names Hester, the daughter of Peter Warburton and Theodosia Somers as John's wife, but Boyd's Inhabitants of London names John's wife as the sister of Theodosia Somers. The former is most likely to be correct because Theodosia's sister is not mentioned in transcripts of their father's will, though the original has not been viewed. Also Theodosia's daughter is the same generation as John.

- 42 iii. **Mary Warburton** (1668-1731)

- iv. **Alice Warburton**. Alice died in 1709. She was buried in Weaverham, St Mary, Cheshire, on 6 Oct 1709.

Alice was unmarried.

- v. **Ester Warburton**. Ester died in 1710.

Esther was unmarried.

**36. Peter Warburton** (*Peter<sup>16</sup>, Peter<sup>15</sup>, Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

The Ireland, Court of Chancery Bill Books record that on February 25th 1668 Peter and his wife Theodosia were plaintiffs in a case where the defendants were Hugh, Earl of Mount Alexander, and his wife, Dame Joan.

Peter married **Theodosia Somers (37)**, daughter of **Robert Somers** & **32. Theodosia Warburton**.

Theodosia was the daughter of a London merchant. She (and presumably Peter) settled at Abbots Bromley, Staffordshire.

They had one child:

i. **Hester Warburton.**

The Pedigree of the Warburtons of Hefferston Grange names Hester, the daughter of Peter Warburton and Theodosia Somers as John's wife, but Boyd's Inhabitants of London names John's wife as the sister of Theodosia Somers. The former is most likely to be correct because Theodosia's sister is not mentioned in transcripts of their father's will, though the original has not been viewed. Also Theodosia's daughter is the same generation as John.

Hester married **John Warburton**, son of **35. Robert Warburton & Elizabeth Berkeley**. John was born abt 1652. John died in 1718.

John died without issue.

**37. Theodosia Somers** (*Theodosia Warburton<sup>16</sup>, Peter<sup>15</sup>, Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

Theodosia was the daughter of a London merchant. She (and presumably Peter) settled at Abbots Bromley, Staffordshire.

Theodosia married **Peter Warburton (36)**, son of **30. Peter Warburton & Alice Gardener**.

The Ireland, Court of Chancery Bill Books record that on February 25th 1668 Peter and his wife Theodosia were plaintiffs in a case where the defendants were Hugh, Earl of Mount Alexander, and his wife, Dame Joan.

They had one child:

i. **Hester Warburton.**

The Pedigree of the Warburtons of Hefferston Grange names Hester, the daughter of Peter Warburton and Theodosia Somers as John's wife, but Boyd's Inhabitants of London names John's wife as the sister of Theodosia Somers. The former is most likely to be correct because Theodosia's sister is not mentioned in transcripts of their father's will, though the original has not been viewed. Also Theodosia's daughter is the same generation as John.

Hester married **John Warburton**, son of **35. Robert Warburton & Elizabeth Berkeley**. John was born abt 1652. John died in 1718.

John died without issue.

## 18th Generation

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**38. Sir Peter Warburton** (*George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Peter was born in Arley, Cheshire, on 1 Jan 1642. He was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 1 Jan 1642. Peter died in 1698. He was buried in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 18 Aug 1698.

Peter was the 2nd Baronet. It would appear he was baptised the day he was born, a pattern followed by other children of his father. He was aged 53 in 1696 which does not quite tie with his baptism date. He seems to have spent much of his life at Lilley in Hertfordshire, the seat of his wife's family.

On 5 Jun 1673 when Peter was 31, he married **Martha Dockwra** in Lilley, Hertfordshire. Martha died in 1707.

Martha was the daughter and heir of Thomas Dockwra of Putteridge, Hertfordshire.

They had the following children:

- 43** i. **Sir George Warburton** (1675-1743)
- 44** ii. **Thomas Warburton** (1676-<1743)
- iii. **Sir Peter Warburton**. Peter was born in Lilley, Hertford, abt 1679.

Peter was a Captain in the Army and fought in the Earl of Orrery's Regiment of Foot at Malplaquet. He was unmarried. He is also the only one of Peter and Martha's children whose baptism isn't recorded at Offley by IGI. This could be a transcription error, or he was baptised elsewhere.

- iv. **Martha Warburton**. Martha was born in Lilley, Hertford, in 1680. She was christened in Offley, Hertfordshire, on 9 Nov 1680.

Martha married **Fulks**.

Mr Fulks was of London.

- v. **Anne Warburton**. Anne was born in Lilley, Hertford, in 1683. She was christened in Offley, Hertfordshire, on 23 May 1683.

Anne married **Richard Dockwra**.

- vi. **Isabella Warburton**. Isabella was born in Lilley, Hertford, in 1687. She was christened in Offley, Hertfordshire, on 11 Oct 1687.

**39. George Warburton** (*George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de*



*Dutton*<sup>3</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>2</sup>, *Adam*<sup>1</sup>). George was born in Arley, Cheshire, in 1648. George died in 1688.

The story of George and his descendants is from **Seven Households** by Charles Foster. There were other children who are not included in **Seven Households**.

George matriculated at Trinity College, Oxford in May 1667 and was called to the bar in 1673. He was given a three lives lease on Gore farm, Aston by Budworth, which was 192 acres. His descendants were investigated by Sir Peter 4th Baronet between 1743 and 1751 because a male descendant would be heir to the estate if he died without a son.

Neither his baptism nor burial are recorded at Great Budworth. However a George son of George of Arley, armiger was buried at Great Budworth on 17th July 1648 suggesting the first George died an infant and a second was named soon after.

George married **Spragg**.

She was the widow of Sir Edward Spragg.

They had the following children:

- 45 i. **Thomas Warburton**
- 46 ii. **George Warburton**
- iii. **Elizabeth Warburton**.

Elizabeth married **Gee**. Elizabeth and Mr Gee's children were William, Dorothy, Elizabeth (who married a Mr Parker), and Hester.

**40. Thomas Warburton** (*George*<sup>17</sup>, *Peter*<sup>16</sup>, *George*<sup>15</sup>, *John*<sup>14</sup>, *Piers*<sup>13</sup>, *John*<sup>12</sup>, *Piers de Warburton*<sup>11</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>10</sup>, *Peter*<sup>9</sup>, *John*<sup>8</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>7</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>6</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>5</sup>, *Peter*<sup>4</sup>, *Geoffrey de Dutton*<sup>3</sup>, *Geoffrey*<sup>2</sup>, *Adam*<sup>1</sup>). Thomas was born in 1654. He was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 12 Sep 1654. Thomas died in 1727.

Thomas was 9 years old on 26 July 1664 (Ormerod), was granted lands at Winnington and had 4 sons. His dates are from **Seven Households**. His children are from IGI, which only includes 2 sons, suggesting the list is incomplete.

On his baptism record he is described as Thomas, son of George of Arley.

Thomas married **Ann Williams**.

Ann was the daughter of Robert Williams. 2nd Baronet of Penrhyn.

They had the following children:

- i. **George Warburton**. George was born in Winnington, Cheshire, abt 1685.
- ii. **Ann Warburton**. Ann was born in Winnington, Cheshire, abt 1688.
- iii. **Mary Warburton**. Mary was born in Winnington, Cheshire, abt 1690.
- iv. **Penelope Warburton**. Penelope was born in Winnington, Cheshire, abt 1692.
- 47 v. **Hugh Warburton** (~1695-1771)
- vi. **Jane Warburton**. Jane was born in Winnington, Cheshire, abt 1695. Jane died in 1767. She was buried in Westminster Abbey, London, on 23 Apr 1767.

Jane was a Maid of Honour to Queen Anne. She was buried with her husband in Westminster Abbey.

Jane married **John Campbell**.

John was the 2nd Duke of Argyll.

**41. William Warburton** (*George<sup>17</sup>, William<sup>16</sup>, John<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). William was born in Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, on 24 Dec 1698. He was christened in Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire, on 5 Jan 1699. William died in Gloucester, Gloucestershire, on 7 Jun 1779.

William's entry in the **Dictionary of National Biography** states he was the second and only surviving son of George, town clerk of Newark (though I have not found the baptism of an older brother). He descended from the old Cheshire family and his grandfather (also a William) had taken part in Booth's rising in Chester in 1659. His grandmother lived to a great age, and her anecdotes of the civil wars interested him greatly.

He was sent by his mother to a school in Newark, and afterwards to the grammar school at Oakham, Rutland. His first master, on the publication of William's **Divine Legation**, said he had considered him as the dullest of dull scholars. In 1714 a cousin, William Warburton (if a first cousin this must be a grandson of William the cavalier, perhaps by his son John, but I have found no evidence of him) became master of Newark grammar school and William was placed under him for a short time before being articled for five years to John Kirke, an attorney of East Markham, Nottinghamshire.

In 1719 he returned to Newark, and possibly began to practise as an attorney. He developed a voracious appetite for miscellaneous reading, stimulated by his cousin William, of whom spoke gratefully. However his absorption in his studies"enabled him to "ride past a house on fire without noticing". In 1729, when his cousin died (again I have found no burial record) he composed a laudatory epitaph.

William read much theological literature, and he was ordained deacon on 22nd December 1723 by the Archbishop of York. His first living was at Greaseley, Nottinghamshire, obtained via the patronage of Sir Robert Sutton. He soon resigned this but received the livings of Brant Broughton, Notts., and Frisby Leicestershire. In 1728 he was given an M.A. by Cambridge University.

William began writing various works, and entered correspondences with various people, but lived quietly at Brant Boughton with his mother and sisters until his marriage. One of his sisters was alarmed by his excessive application to study. He generally sat up for a great part of the night.

The two parts of William's most famous book **Divine Legation of Moses Demonstrated** appeared in 1737 and 1741. A third part was never completed.

The **Dictionary of National Biography** describes in some detail criticisms of William's work, and his robust responses, and criticisms of other works. It was during this time that William was befriended by the poet Alexander Pope, and through him met Ralph Allen, an acquaintance that made William's fortune. In 1745 William married Allen's favourite niece, Gertrude Tucker, and he named his only son after him.

The various introductions made by Pope and Allen enabled William to advance his ecclesiastical career. As early as 1738 he was chaplain to the Prince of Wales. In 1746 he became a preacher at Lincoln's Inn, which led to him taking a house in Grosvenor Square in 1757. In 1754 he was appointed one of the King's chaplains and was awarded the Doctor of Divinity degree from the Archbishop of Canterbury. He was elevated to the bishopric of Gloucester in 1759, and consecrated on 20th January 1760.

William first mentioned symptoms of illness in 1767. He had a fall in 1770, and stopped writing in 1771. His decline was accelerated by the death of his only son in 1775. Reports of loss of memory and becoming almost an imbecile would suggest he had a form of dementia. He died in 1779.

He left a body of work that included books, critiques and a lively correspondence. He had a number of supporters but the general view of him was mixed. **The Dictionary of National Biography** observes that his wide reading and rough intellectual vigour are undeniable. Unfortunately he was neither a scholar nor a philosopher. One critic said he retains the habits of thought of a sharp attorney, and constantly mistakes wrangling for reasoning. His pugnacity and personal force made many enemies and conquered a few humble followers. However he had at least some warm blood in his veins, and was capable of friendship and good fellowship. He deserves the credit of having denounced the slave trade in a sermon in 1766.

William seems to have been thoroughly good to his family, always affectionate to his mother, and supportive of his three sisters, two of who seem to have made unfortunate marriages.

William also has an extensive entry in Wikipedia.

On 5 Sep 1745 when William was 46, he married **Gertrude Tucker**. Gertrude was born abt 1727. She was christened in St Blazey, Cornwall, on 11 Feb 1727. Gertrude died in 1796. She was buried in Claverton, Somerset, on 9 Sep 1796.

After William's death Gertrude remarried to Rev. Martin Stafford Smith.

They had one child:

- i. **Ralph Allen Warburton**. Ralph Allen was born in Bath, Somerset, on 6 Apr 1756. He was christened in Lyncomb and Widcomb, Somerset, on 17 May 1756. Ralph Allen died on 18 Jul 1775. He was buried in Claverton, Somerset, on 1 Aug 1775.

Ralph was named after Ralph Allen, Mayor of Bath and philanthropist, his mother's uncle, and parent's benefactor. He was admitted to Trinity Hall on 3rd June 1773 but he died 2 years later, aged 19, of consumption.

**42. Mary Warburton** (*Robert<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, Peter<sup>15</sup>, Peter<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Mary was born in Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire, in 1668. Mary died in Chester, Cheshire, on 12 Aug 1731. She was buried in Chester, Trinity Church, Cheshire, on 14 Aug 1731.

On 8 Jul 1690 when Mary was 22, she married **Reverend Matthew Henry** in The Grange, Cheshire. Matthew was born in Iscoed, Flintshire, on 18 Oct 1662. Matthew died in Nantwich, Cheshire, on 22 Jun 1714.

They had one child:

- i. **Philip Henry Warburton**. Philip was born in Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire, on 3 May 1700. Philip died in Chester, Cheshire, on 16 Aug 1760.

Philip was the MP for Chester from 5 May 1742 to 1754. His **The History of Parliament** entry includes:

### **Family and Education**

Born the son of Rev. Matthew Henry of Broadoak, Flintshire, Presbyterian minister in Chester, and Mary, daughter of Robert Warburton of Hefferstone Grange, and heir to her brother Peter Warburton. Educated at Lincoln's Inn from 1721, and his mother to Hefferstone Grange in 1731 when he assumed the additional name of Warburton.

### **Biography**

Warburton was the son of an 'eminent dissenting teacher' and the maternal great-grandson of Peter Warburton of Hefferstone Grange, chief justice of Chester. Returned unopposed at Chester as a Tory in 1742, he was one of the magistrates who examined the Young Pretender's messenger carrying a letter to Lord Barrymore. Voting against the Government in all the recorded divisions, he was classed as Opposition on re-election in 1747, did not stand in 1754, and died 16 Aug. 1760.

Philip never married and he left his estates to various descendants of his numerous sisters. Hefferston Grange passed to his niece Mary Philpot, the daughter of Elizabeth Henry and John Philpot. Mary married Nicholas Aston who outlived her. Thus Hefferston Grange came into the possession of the Ashtons.

The Warburton Lees were descended from Philip's sister Theodosia, who married Randle Keay.

## 19th Generation

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**43. Sir George Warburton** (*Peter<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). George was born in Lilley, Hertford, in 1675. He was christened in Offley, Hertfordshire, on 1 Jun 1675. George died on 29 Jun 1743.

George was the 3rd Baronet, and served as Member of Parliament for Cheshire in the reigns of Anne and George I. After early opposition he became one of the main subscribers to the system of locks and weirs on the River Weaver. These supported the Northwich salt industry by allowing cheap coal to be brought in, and the salt to be exported. In 1698, with 2 local landowners he endowed a school at Lymm, later Lymm Grammar School, and now Lymm High School.

The manor at Lilley in Hertfordshire was settled on George by his grandfather Thomas Dockwra in 1710 on his marriage to Diana daughter of William Lord Alington. Sir George Warburton sold it in February 1729-30 to the Right Hon. Charles Cavendish.

George first married **Diana Alington**. Diana was born in 1676. Diana died in 1705.

Diana was the elder daughter of William 2nd Lord Alington, and sister and co-heir of Giles, the 3rd Lord. Her mother was the daughter of the Duke of Bedford.

They had the following children:

- i. **Dockwra Warburton**. Dockwra died in 1706.

Dockwra died an infant.

- ii. **Diane Warburton**. Diane was born in 1702. Diane died in 1730. She was buried on 28 Feb 1730.

Diane was 27 when she died.

In 1724 when Diane was 22, she married **Sir Richard Grosvenor**.

Richard was of Eaton.

George second married **Slaughter**.

They had one child:

i. **Thomas Slaughter.**

Thomas was Steward of the Manor Court at Arley in the 1730s and the High Sheriff of Cheshire in 1755, where he resided in Brown's Lane.

In 1739 Thomas married **Anne Warburton**, daughter of **44. Thomas Warburton & Anne Dockwra**. Anne was born abt 1710.

Anne's birth date is from IGI.

**44. Thomas Warburton** (*Peter<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Thomas was born in Lilley, Hertford, in 1676. He was christened in Offley, Hertfordshire, on 19 Sep 1676. Thomas died bef 1743.

Thomas was of Turners Hall in Hertfordshire. He must have pre-deceased his brother George for the title to pass to his son.

On 15 Jul 1703 when Thomas was 27, he first married **Rebecca Stourton** in St Mary-at-Hill, London. IGI has this marriage but the bride's name is Rebecca Stoton, a possible misspelling. Being only a year before Thomas's second marriage Rebecca must have soon died, possibly giving birth to Martha.

Rebecca was the daughter and co-heir of George Sturton of Pirton, Bedfordshire.

They had one child:

i. **Martha Warburton.** Martha was born abt 1704.

Martha's birth date is based on the supposed marriage details.

Martha married **Isaac Eles**.

Isaac was of London.

On 20 Mar 1704 when Thomas was 28, he second married **Anne Dockwra** in St Benet, Paul's Wharf, London. Anne was born in 1672. Anne died in 1750.

Anne was the daughter of William Dockwra of London, who founded the London Penny Post in 1680.

They had the following children:

- i. **Ann Warburton.**

Ann died an infant.

- 48 ii. **Sir Peter Warburton** (1708-1774)
- iii. **Anne Warburton.** Anne was born abt 1710.

Anne's birth date is from IGI.

In 1739 when Anne was 29, she married **Thomas Slaughter**, son of **43. Sir George Warburton & Slaughter.**

Thomas was Steward of the Manor Court at Arley in the 1730s and the High Sheriff of Cheshire in 1755, where he resided in Brown's Lane.

**45. Thomas Warburton** (*George<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

Thomas married **Frances Cadman.**

They had one child:

- i. **Anna Maria Warburton.**

Anna Maria married **William Hudson.**

William was a shoemaker.

**46. George Warburton** (*George<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*).

Sons George and Robert are known from **Seven Households**. Catherine is known from her baptism as the daughter of Mr. George Warburton of Gore. George's baptism can also be found at Great Budworth, though the 'of Gore' is omitted. There are two other daughters with similar baptism records but as one is another Katherine baptised within a few days of Catherine there must be two similar families. The other possible daughter is Mary baptised 11th February 1706.



Children:

- i. **George Warburton**. George was born in 1704. He was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 30 Jun 1704. George died in 1747.

George was a bachelor. On his baptism record he was described as: Aston: George the son of Mr. George.

- ii. **Catherine Warburton**. Catherine was born in 1709. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 5 Jul 1709.

Catherine is not mentioned in **Seven Households**, but on her baptism record she was described as: Aston: Catherine the daughter of Mr. George of Gore.

- 49 iii. **Robert Warburton** (1710->1751)

**47. Hugh Warburton** (*Thomas<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Hugh was born in Winnington, Cheshire, abt 1695. Hugh died on 26 Aug 1771. He was buried in Newton St. Loe, Church of the Holy Trinity, Somerset.

Hugh's date of birth is from his entry on [www.thepeerage.com](http://www.thepeerage.com).

Hugh's Wikipedia entry states: General **Hugh Warburton** (1695 - 26 August 1771) was an officer of the British Army and fought in the French and Indian War with the with the 45th Regiment of Foot. He later commanded the 27th Regiment of Foot during the Seven Years' War.

Hugh joined the Army as a cornet on 25 July 1715. On 24 January 1734 he was made lieutenant-colonel of Lord Mark Kerr's Regiment of Dragoons, and on 3 June 1745 colonel of the 45th Regiment of Foot. The Regiment was first posted to Gibraltar in 1745, before moving to the Fortress of Louisbourg in October 1745 for garrison duty under Hugh's command.

After King George's War, the regiment was stationed in Halifax throughout Father Le Loutre's War. Hugh participated in the Battle at Chignecto. The regiment also fell victim to a raid on Dartmouth in May 1751 during Father Le Loutre's War when forces under the command of Acadian Joseph Broussard, raided Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, destroying the town, killing twenty British villagers and torturing and mutilating a sergeant from the 45th Foot. The regiment then defeated the French and native forces at the Battle of Fort Beauséjour in June 1755.

The regiment also fought in the French and Indian War participating in the Siege of Louisbourg in July 1758.

On 24 September 1761 Hugh transferred from the 45th to the colonelcy of the 27th Regiment of Foot, and took part in the Invasion of Martinique in January 1762 and the capture of Grenada in February 1762. It also took part in the Battle of Havana in June 1762 during the Anglo-Spanish War. The regiment suffered heavy losses and was evacuated to New York. In August 1767 the regiment

returned to Ireland.

Hugh was with the 27th foot until his death on 26 August 1771. He was promoted to major-general in 1755, lieutenant-general in 1758 and general on 13 April 1770.

He was a Freemason in the Premier Grand Lodge of England.

Hugh married **Susanna Norris**. Susanna died on 1 Jan 1816.

Sussana was daughter and co=heiress of Edward Norris of Speke. After her husnads death she sold Winnington Hall to Sir John Thomas Stanley, 7th Baronet of Alderley.

They had one child:

- i. **Anne Susanna Warburton**.

Anne Susanna married **Richard Pennant**.

Richard was the 1st Baron Penhryn. Richard and Anne had no children.

## 20th Generation

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**48. Sir Peter Warburton** (*Thomas<sup>19</sup>, Peter<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Peter was born in 1708. He was christened in Lilley, Hertford, on 18 Mar 1708. Peter died on 18 Nov 1774.

Peter was the 4th Baronet. He was chairman of the management committee of Cheshire gentlemen who rebuilt and modernised the Weaver Navigation works in the 1750s and 1760s. He also made major renovations at Arley Hall, encasing the medieval house in new walls of brick.

Peter's birth date is given as circa 1708 on IGI. The baptism at Lilley, Hertfordshire in 1708, parents Thomas and Anne, is also reported on IGI, but in a transcription of parish records.

On 27 Feb 1745 when Peter was 37, he married **Lady Elizabeth Stanley**. Elizabeth was born in St. Johns, Lancashire, on 14 Nov 1715. She was christened in Preston, Lancashire, on 12 Dec 1715. Elizabeth died in Knutsford on 25 Aug 1780. She was buried on 2 Sep 1780.

Elizabeth was the first daughter of Edward Stanley, the Earl of Derby.

They had the following children:

- i. **Elizabeth Warburton**. Elizabeth was born in Arley, Cheshire, on 1 Mar 1747. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 19 Mar 1747. Elizabeth died on 5 Feb 1760.
- ii. **Anne Warburton**. Anne was born in Arley, Cheshire, on 28 Jul 1748. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 18 Aug 1748. Anne died on 27 Dec 1769.
- iii. **Margaret Warburton**. Margaret was born on 22 Aug 1753. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 12 Sep 1753. Margaret died aft 1817.

Margaret was living, unmarried in 1817.

- iv. **Sir Peter Warburton**. Peter was born in Arley, Cheshire, on 27 Oct 1754. He was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 25 Nov 1754. Peter died on 14 May 1813.

Peter was the 5th and last Baronet. He made a fictional appearance in Mrs. Gaskell's novel 'Cranford' as Sir Peter Arley.

As he died without issue he left his estates to his great nephew Rowland Eyles, son of his niece Emma Croxton and the Reverend Rowland Egerton. Rowland senior

changed the family name to Egerton Warburton. As Rowland Eyles was the eldest of 5 brothers his descendants were not the only line of Egerton Warburtons, so although the line at Arley lasted only 100 years, other branches continue today, including a large number in Western Australia, the descendants of George Edward and Augusta Spencer who settled at Mount Barker, WA.

On 14 Aug 1781 when Peter was 26, he married **Alice Parker** in Prestbury, Cheshire.

Alice was the daughter of the Reverend John Parker of Astle, Cheshire.

- v. **Harriot Warburton**. Harriot was born in Arley, Cheshire, on 18 Feb 1758. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 10 Mar 1758.

Harriot married **John Rowlls Legh**.

John was of Prestbury.

- vi. **Emma Warburton**. Emma was born on 10 May 1759. She was christened in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire, on 5 Jun 1759.

Emma and James Croxton had a daughter, also named Emma (born 20 April 1782 at Chester, and died Sept 1881) who married the Reverend Rowland Egerton, the seventh son of Philip Egerton of Egerton and Oulton, on October 13th 1803. They took the name Egerton Warburton when their first son, Rowland Eyles inherited Arley Hall.

Rowland and Emma's children were:

Rowlan Eyles b. 14 Sep 1804

Emma Elizabeth b. 4 Sep 1805

James Francis b. 15 Apr 1807

Henry William b. 16 Aug 1808

Frances May b. 14 Oct 1809

Maria Sybilla b. 22 Jun 1812

Peter b. 15 Aug 1813 d. 1889 soldier, explorer and Commissioner of Police in South Australia.

Charlotte b. 18 Jan 1815

Sophia b. 11 Jul 1816

George Edward b.25 Mar 1819 d. 1889 settled at Mt Barker, Western Australia.

Rowland senior died 20 May 1846.

On 10 Jul 1781 when Emma was 22, she first married **James Croxton** in Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire. James was born on 9 Sep 1751. James died on 7 Aug 1792.

James was of Norley Bank, Cheshire.

In 1800 when Emma was 40, she second married **John Hunt**.

**49. Robert Warburton** (*George<sup>19</sup>, George<sup>18</sup>, George<sup>17</sup>, Peter<sup>16</sup>, George<sup>15</sup>, John<sup>14</sup>, Piers<sup>13</sup>, John<sup>12</sup>, Piers de Warburton<sup>11</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>10</sup>, Peter<sup>9</sup>, John<sup>8</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>7</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>6</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>5</sup>, Peter<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey de Dutton<sup>3</sup>, Geoffrey<sup>2</sup>, Adam<sup>1</sup>*). Robert was born in 1710. Robert died aft 1751.

Robert was a waterman in Milford Lane, London in 1751. His baptism doesn't appear at Great Budworth.

Child:

- i. **Susan Warburton**.

**Arley, Cheshire**

Bruyn, Ellen  
 Warburton, Ann  
 Warburton, Ann (Agnes)  
 Warburton, Anne  
 Warburton, Blanche  
 Warburton, Boy  
 Warburton, Catherine  
 Warburton, Catherine  
 Warburton, Douce  
 Warburton, Eleanor  
 Warburton, Elizabeth  
 Warburton, Elizabeth  
 Warburton, Elizabeth  
 Warburton, George  
 Warburton, George  
 Warburton, Harriot  
 Warburton, Hester  
 Warburton, Jane  
 Warburton, Jane  
 Warburton, Jane (Jean)  
 Warburton, John  
 Warburton, Sir John  
 Warburton, John  
 Warburton, Margaret Ellen  
 Warburton, Mary  
 Warburton, Peter  
 Warburton, Peter  
 Warburton, Sir Peter  
 Warburton, Sir Peter  
 Warburton, Sir Piers  
 Warburton, Richard  
 Warburton, William

**Bath, Somerset**

Warburton, Ralph Allen

**Brampton Bryan, Herefordshire**

Gardener, Alice

**Brampton Bryan, Herefordshire cont.**

17 Warburton, Peter 43  
 27 **Brereton, Cheshire**  
 22 Brereton, Mary 27  
 66 Smith, Laurence 25  
 22 Warburton, Jane 25  
 22 Warburton, Sir John 27  
 49 **Chester, Cheshire**  
 50 Henry Warburton, Philip 60  
 21 Norris, Elizabeth 41  
 49 Warburton, Mary 59  
 22 Warburton, Peter 41  
 27 Warburton, Robert 52  
 66 **Chester, St Johns, Cheshire**  
 34 Bishop, Diana 49  
 55 Warburton, Cecil 50  
 67 Warburton, Christina 50  
 49 Warburton, Elizabeth 50  
 25 Warburton, Frances 50  
 27 **Chester, Trinity Church, Cheshire**  
 21 Needham, Eleanor 42  
 21 Warburton, Mary 59  
 27 **Chirk Castle, Denbighshire**  
 36 Middleton, Elizabeth 48  
 21 **Claverton, Somerset**  
 49 Tucker, Gertrude 59  
 28 Warburton, Ralph Allen 59  
 24 **Clifton, Runcorn, Cheshire**  
 55 Savage, Ellen 19  
 66 de Warburton, Piers 19  
 25 **Dublin, St Patrick, Ireland**  
 25 Fitton, Edward 26  
 22 Warburton, Anne 26  
**Egerton, Nantwich, Cheshire**  
 59 de Egerton, Urian 11  
**England**  
 44 Aston, Richard 20

<b>England cont.</b>		<b>Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Che... cont.</b>	
Warburton, Douce	20	Warburton, Peter	41
<b>Fetcham, Surrey</b>		Warburton, Peter	42
Warburton, Peter	43	Warburton, Sir Peter	55
<b>Gloucester, Gloucestershire</b>		Warburton, Sir Peter	66
Warburton, William	57	Warburton, Richard	25
<b>Grafton, Cheshire</b>		Warburton, Robert	35
Warburton, Sir Peter	23	Warburton, Robert	50
<b>Great Budworth, St Mary and All Saints, Cheshire</b>		Warburton, Thomas	56
Brereton, William	31	Wilbraham, Sir Thomas	31
Croxton, James	67	<b>Hefferston Grange, Weaverham, Cheshire</b>	
Egerton, Ralph	31	Henry Warburton, Philip	60
Houghton, Elizabeth	34	Warburton, Mary	59
Marbury, Thomas	32	Warburton, Peter	36
Warburton, Anne	33	Warburton, Peter	43
Warburton, Anne	66	Warburton, Richard	37
Warburton, Catherine	50	Warburton, Robert	52
Warburton, Catherine	64	<b>Houghton, Cheshire</b>	
Warburton, Cecil	50	Houghton, Elizabeth	34
Warburton, Christina	50	<b>Iscoed, Flintshire</b>	
Warburton, Diana	50	Henry, Reverend Matthew	59
Warburton, Eleanor	32	<b>Knutsford</b>	
Warburton, Elizabeth	31	Stanley, Lady Elizabeth	66
Warburton, Elizabeth	50	<b>Lilley, Hertford</b>	
Warburton, Elizabeth	66	Warburton, Anne	55
Warburton, Emma	67	Warburton, Sir George	61
Warburton, George	34	Warburton, Isabella	55
Warburton, Sir George	48	Warburton, Martha	55
Warburton, George	64	Warburton, Sir Peter	55
Warburton, Harriot	67	Warburton, Sir Peter	66
Warburton, Hesketh	35	Warburton, Thomas	62
Warburton, Jane	31	<b>Lilley, Hertfordshire</b>	
Warburton, Sir John	27	Dockwra, Martha	55
Warburton, John	50	Warburton, Sir Peter	55
Warburton, Margaret	66	<b>London</b>	
Warburton, Mary	31	Fitton, Edward	26
Warburton, Penelope	51	Moulton, Magdalen	36

<b>London cont.</b>		<b>Offley, Hertfordshire cont.</b>	
Somers, Robert	46	Warburton, Sir George	61
Warburton, Anne	26	Warburton, Isabella	55
Warburton, Peter	36	Warburton, Martha	55
<b>London, St. Martin-in-the-Fields</b>		Warburton, Thomas	62
Warburton, Richard	37	<b>Oxford</b>	
<b>Lyncomb and Widcomb, Somerset</b>		Warburton, Peter	42
Warburton, Ralph Allen	59	<b>Prestbury, Cheshire</b>	
<b>Nantwich, Cheshire</b>		Parker, Alice	67
Henry, Reverend Matthew	59	Warburton, Sir Peter	66
<b>Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire</b>		<b>Preston, Lancashire</b>	
Holman, Elizabeth	51	Stanley, Lady Elizabeth	66
Warburton, Elizabeth	52	<b>Pulford, Cheshire</b>	
Warburton, Elizabeth	52	Warburton, John	35
Warburton, Frances	52	<b>Ridley, Cheshire</b>	
Warburton, George	51	Egerton, Elizabeth	41
Warburton, George	52	<b>Shelton, Nottinghamshire</b>	
Warburton, Mary	52	Catherine	51
Warburton, William	57	Warburton, Frances	43
<b>Newark-on-Trent, St Mary Magdalene, Nottinghamshire</b>		Warburton, George	51
Warburton, Elizabeth	52	Warburton, John	43
Warburton, Elizabeth	52	Warburton, Peter	43
Warburton, Frances	52	Warburton, William	42
Warburton, George	51	<b>Shelton, St Mary, Nottinghamshire</b>	
Warburton, George	52	Catherine	51
Warburton, Mary	52	Warburton, Frances	43
Warburton, William	57	Warburton, John	43
<b>Newton St. Loe, Church of the Holy Trinity, Somerset.</b>		Warburton, Peter	43
Warburton, Hugh	64	Warburton, William	42
<b>Northwich, Cheshire</b>		<b>Shocklach, Cheshire</b>	
Warburton, Sir Peter	23	Egerton, Elizabeth	41
<b>Norton Priory</b>		Warburton, Peter	41
de Warburton, Sir Geoffrey	17	<b>Spaunton, Yorkshire</b>	
<b>Offley, Hertfordshire</b>		Harrington, Ann	35
Warburton, Anne	55	<b>St Benet, Paul's Wharf, London</b>	
		Dockwra, Anne	62
		Warburton, Thomas	62



<b>St Blazey, Cornwall</b>		<b>Warburton, Cheshire cont.</b>	
Tucker, Gertrude	59	de Warburton, Richard	12
<b>St Mary-at-Hill, London</b>		de Warburton, Richard	14
Stourton, Rebecca	62	de Warburton, Richard	18
Warburton, Thomas	62	de Warburton, Thomas	12
<b>St. Johns, Lancashire</b>		de Warburton, Thomas	18
Stanley, Lady Elizabeth	66	de Warburton, William	12
<b>The Grange, Cheshire</b>		<b>Warburton, St Werburgh, Cheshire</b>	
Henry, Reverend Matthew	59	de Warburton, Sir Geoffrey	17
Warburton, Mary	59	de Warburton, Richard	12
<b>Walton, Lancashire</b>		<b>Weaverham, Cheshire</b>	
Elizabeth Berkeley	52	Somers, Robert	46
<b>Warburton, Cheshire</b>		Warburton, Theodosia	46
de Dutton, Margaret	7	<b>Weaverham, St Mary, Cheshire</b>	
de Warburton, Amelia	11	Warburton, Alice	53
de Warburton, Catherine	12	Warburton, Peter	53
de Warburton, Elizabeth Jane	18	Warburton, Robert	52
de Warburton, Sir Geoffrey	10	<b>Westminster Abbey, London</b>	
de Warburton, Sir Geoffrey	11	Warburton, Jane	57
de Warburton, Sir Geoffrey	12	<b>Winnington, Cheshire</b>	
de Warburton, Geoffrey	14	Warburton, Ann	57
de Warburton, Sir Geoffrey	17	Warburton, George	57
de Warburton, Joan	18	Warburton, Hugh	64
de Warburton, Johanna	12	Warburton, Jane	57
de Warburton, John	14	Warburton, Mary	57
de Warburton, John	20	Warburton, Penelope	57
Warburton, Sir John	21	Warburton, Sir Piers	25
de Warburton, Margaret	11	Winnington, Elizabeth	25
de Warburton, Margaret	16		
de Warburton, Marion	18		
de Warburton, Sir Peter	8		
de Warburton, Peter	11		
de Warburton, Peter	16		
de Warburton, Peter	16		
Warburton, Peter	20		
de Warburton, Petronel	18		
de Warburton, Piers	19		

Agnes	10	<b>Cadman</b>	
Alice	11	Frances	63
Catherine ( - 1693)	51	<b>Campbell</b>	
Elizabeth Berkeley ( - 1668)	52	John	57
Ellen ( - >1355)	10	<b>Carrington</b>	
Isabella	7	John	22
Unknown	7	<b>Coupe</b>	
<b>Alington</b>		Katherine	28
Diana (1676 - 1705)	61	<b>Croxton</b>	
<b>Aston</b>		James (1751 - 1792)	67
Richard	20	<b>Cundy</b>	
<b>Awfield</b>		John	46
Frances	43	<b>Daniel</b>	
<b>Barlow</b>		Thomas	20
Margaret	24	<b>[Danyers]</b>	
<b>Bishop</b>		Alice (~1302 - <1374)	12
Diana (~1634 - 1693)	49	Nichola	14
<b>Booth</b>		<b>Davenport</b>	
William	22	William	22
<b>Boteler</b>		<b>Dockwra</b>	
Margaret (le)	10	Anne (1672 - 1750)	62
<b>Braylesford</b>		Martha ( - 1707)	55
Alice (~1368 - >1428)	16	Richard	55
<b>Brereton</b>		<b>Domville</b>	
Lady Eleanor De (~1410 - )	19	Edward	49
Mary (~1524 - >1580)	27	<b>Dutton</b>	
William	31	Adam (de) (~1150 - 1208)	4
William	25	Agatha (de)	5
<b>Brooke</b>		Beatrice	17
Margaret	29	Sir Geoffrey (de) (>1170 - ~1248)	6
<b>Bruyn</b>		Sir Geoffrey (de) (~1200 - >1275)	7
Ellen (~1401 - )	17	John (de) ( - 1190)	5
<b>Bulkeley</b>		Margaret (de)	7
Thomas	18	Thomas (de)	7
<b>Butler</b>		<b>Edwards</b>	
Elizabeth	24	Francis	49

<b>Egerton</b>		<b>Henry Warburton</b>	
Elizabeth (~1589 - )	41	Philip (1700 - 1760)	60
Ralph	31	<b>Holcroft</b>	
Urian (de) (1312 - )	11	Mary (1546 - 1595)	24
<b>Eland</b>		<b>Holman</b>	
Alina (de)	12	Elizabeth (~1676 - 1749)	51
<b>Eles</b>		<b>Houghton</b>	
Isaac	62	Elizabeth (~1560 - )	34
<b>Eyre</b>		<b>Hudson</b>	
Christopher	22	William	63
<b>Fitton</b>		<b>Hunt</b>	
Edward ( - 1579)	26	John	68
Thomas	29	<b>Hurst</b>	
<b>Fitz-Alured</b>		UNNAMED	29
Agnes	4	<b>Lacy</b>	
<b>Fulks</b>		Alice (de)	6
UNNAMED	55	<b>Legh</b>	
<b>Gardener</b>		John Rowlls	67
Alice	44	<b>Lymm</b>	
<b>Gee</b>		Peter (de)	11
UNNAMED	56	<b>Mainwaring</b>	
<b>Golborne</b>		Elizabeth	19
Emma	21	<b>Marbury</b>	
<b>Grantham</b>		Thomas	32
William	49	<b>Markam</b>	
<b>Grosvenor</b>		Sir Robert	27
Sir Richard	61	<b>Markham</b>	
<b>Harmer</b>		Richard	22
William	42	<b>Massey</b>	
<b>Harrington</b>		Douce	16
Ann (~1591 - )	35	<b>Masterson</b>	
<b>Heffield</b>		Anne	23
Hawise (de)	8	<b>Middleton</b>	
<b>Hellesby</b>		Elizabeth (1619 - 1649)	48
Matilda (de)	15	<b>Mordaunt</b>	
<b>Henry</b>		John (~1657 - 1721)	51
Reverend Matthew (1662 - 1714)	59		

<b>Moulton</b>		<b>Stourton</b>	
Magdalen ( - >1617)	36	Rebecca	62
<b>Needham</b>		<b>Trentham</b>	
Eleanor	42	Sir Christopher	32
<b>Norris</b>		<b>Tucker</b>	
Elizabeth	41	Gertrude (~1727 - 1796)	59
Susanna ( - 1816)	65	<b>Turvyle</b>	
<b>Parker</b>		Sir William	21
Alice	67	<b>Vavasour</b>	
<b>Pennant</b>		Anne ( - 1646)	39
Richard	65	<b>Venables</b>	
<b>Rigby</b>		Isabell (de) (~1340 - >1386)	14
Nicholas	36	<b>Warburton</b>	
<b>Rixon</b>		Abigail	45
Alan (de)	14	Adam (de) (1309 - )	8
<b>Savage</b>		Adam (de) (~1340 - >1386)	14
Ellen (~1432 - )	19	Agnes (~1565 - 1601)	27
Sir John III (1410 - 1463)	19	Alice (de)	9
<b>Slaughter</b>		Alice ( - 1709)	53
UNNAMED	61	Alice (~1576 - )	24
Thomas	62	Alice (~1599 - )	35
<b>Smith</b>		Amelia (de) (~1315 - )	11
Laurence	25	Ann	63
<b>Somers</b>		Ann (~1549 - 1601)	27
Robert ( - 1637)	46	Ann (~1592 - )	35
Theodosia	53	Ann (~1688 - )	57
<b>Spragg</b>		Ann (Agnes)	22
UNNAMED	56	Anna Maria	63
<b>Stanley</b>		Anne	29
Sir Edward	31	Anne ( - 1661)	45
Lady Elizabeth (1715 - 1780)	66	Anne	45
Joanne	21	Anne	46
<b>Starkey</b>		Anne (1527 - 1573)	26
Sibilla	22	Anne (~1583 - 1607)	33
<b>Starkie</b>		Anne (1683 - )	55
John	21	Anne (~1710 - )	62
		Anne (1748 - 1769)	66

**Warburton cont.**

**Warburton cont.**

Anne Susanna	65	Frances ( - 1694)	50
Blanche (~1463 - )	20	Frances	37
Blanche (~1496 - 1541)	22	Frances (1661 - )	43
Boy	22	Frances (1704 - )	52
Catherine (de) (~1337 - )	12	Gabriel (~1588 - )	35
Catherine (<1650 - )	49	Sir Geoffrey (de) ( - ~1343)	10
Catherine (1656 - )	50	Geoffrey (de)	10
Catherine (1709 - )	64	Geoffrey	22
Cecelia (de)	9	Sir Geoffrey (de) ( - ~1368)	11
Cecil (~1604 - )	40	Geoffrey	45
Cecil (1667 - 1728)	50	Sir Geoffrey (de) (~1298 - ~1383)	12
Christina (1658 - 1689)	50	Geoffrey (de) (~1329 - <1373)	14
Diana ( - 1676)	50	Sir Geoffrey (de) (~1408 - ~1448)	17
Diane (1702 - 1730)	61	George	63
Dockwra ( - 1706)	61	George (~1544 - 1613)	34
Douce (~1465 - >1484)	20	George (~1590 - )	37
Douce (~1492 - )	21	Sir George (1623 - 1676)	48
Eleanor (~1574 - )	32	George (1648 - 1688)	55
Eleanor (~1622 - )	42	George (1659 - 1706)	51
Eleanor (<1645 - )	49	Sir George (1675 - 1743)	61
Eleanora	29	George (~1685 - )	57
Elizabeth	56	George (1704 - 1747)	64
Elizabeth	37	George (1706 - )	52
Elizabeth	45	Harriot (1758 - )	67
Elizabeth	46	Henry	45
Elizabeth (~1498 - )	22	Henry (~1662 - )	50
Elizabeth (~1546 - 1629)	27	Hesketh (~1590 - )	35
Elizabeth (~1572 - ~1603)	31	Hester	53
Elizabeth (1657 - 1689)	50	Hester	45
Elizabeth (1697 - 1697)	52	Hester (<1646 - )	49
Elizabeth (1702 - )	52	Hugh (de) ( - >1307)	10
Elizabeth (1747 - 1760)	66	Hugh (~1695 - 1771)	64
Elizabeth Jane (de) (~1442 - )	18	Isabel	31
Emma (1759 - )	67	Isabella (1687 - )	55
Ester ( - 1710)	53	Jane (~1525 - )	25
Frances	32	Jane (~1552 - )	27

**Warburton cont.**

**Warburton cont.**

Jane (~1572 - 1627)	31	Peter	53
Jane (~1695 - 1767)	57	Sir Peter (de) (~1229 - <1315)	8
Jane (Jean)	21	Peter (de) (~1300 - >1348)	11
Joan (de) (~1430 - )	18	Peter (de) (~1372 - <1415)	16
Johanna (de) (~1339 - )	12	Peter (de) (<1408 - >1418)	16
John	46	Peter (~1461 - )	20
John (de) (~1333 - <1391)	14	Peter (~1524 - >1576)	28
John (de) (~1434 - )	20	Sir Peter (~1540 - 1621)	23
Sir John (~1459 - 1524)	21	Peter (~1542 - 1626)	24
John (~1490 - <1524)	21	Peter (~1555 - 1617)	36
Sir John (~1523 - 1575)	27	Peter (~1585 - 1625)	41
John (~1546 - >1626)	36	Peter (1588 - 1666)	43
John (~1587 - ~1637)	35	Peter (~1622 - 1641)	42
John (~1652 - 1718)	53	Sir Peter (1642 - 1698)	55
John (1656 - )	43	Peter (~1650 - 1727)	53
John (1663 - )	50	Peter (1657 - 1663)	43
Margaret (de)	14	Sir Peter (~1679 - )	55
Margaret (de) (~1302 - >1338)	11	Sir Peter (1708 - 1774)	66
Margaret (de) (>1408 - >1448)	16	Sir Peter (1754 - 1813)	66
Margaret (1753 - >1817)	66	<b>Petronel (de) (~1438 - )</b>	18
Margaret Ellen (~1495 - )	21	Piers (de) (>1427 - 1495)	19
Marion (de) (~1440 - )	18	Sir Piers (~1489 - 1550)	25
Martha (1680 - )	55	Ralph Allen (1756 - 1775)	59
Martha (~1704 - )	62	Richard (de)	12
Mary (~1568 - 1628)	31	Richard	22
Mary (~1597 - )	35	Richard	46
Mary (<1647 - )	49	Richard (de) (~1304 - )	12
Mary (1668 - 1731)	59	Richard (de) (>1372 - >1425)	14
Mary (~1690 - )	57	Richard (de) (~1436 - )	18
Mary (1700 - )	52	Richard (~1523 - 1580)	25
Mary Ann	37	Richard (~1568 - 1610)	37
Penelope (1669 - )	51	Robert (de)	15
Penelope (~1692 - )	57	Robert (de)	10
Peter (de)	10	Sir Robert (de) (~1272 - >1327)	10
Peter (de) ( - <1355)	10	Robert (~1589 - 1639)	35
Peter	45	Robert (1622 - 1696)	52

**Warburton cont.**

Robert (1663 - )	50
Robert (1710 - >1751)	68
Sarah	37
Sarah	45
Susan	68
Theodosia	46
Theodosia	45
Thomas (de)	15
Thomas	22
Thomas	63
Thomas	22
Thomas	29
Thomas	45
Thomas (de) (~1331 - )	12
Thomas (de) (~1432 - )	18
Thomas (~1591 - )	35
Thomas (>1593 - )	37
Thomas (1654 - 1727)	56
Thomas (1676 - <1743)	62
William (de)	9
William	29
William ( - 1669)	42
William	46
William (de) (~1335 - )	12
William (~1502 - )	22
William (>1593 - 1653)	45
William (1698 - 1779)	57

**Wevere**

Agnes De (~1337 - )	14
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**Wilbraham**

Sir Thomas	31
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**Williams**

Ann	56
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**Winnington**

Elizabeth (~1501 - ~1559)	25
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